

Exhibit B

Clean

Whatcom County Conservation Easement Program Guidelines

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I. INTRODUCTION

These Program Guidelines are authorized under WCC Title 3.25A and serve as rules and procedures for administering the Whatcom County Conservation Easement Program (CEP).

The Guidelines serve two functions:

- A. To provide an overview of the land preservation process for the property owner. Specifically, this information can be found in Section V.
- B. To establish the rules and operational procedures that the CEP Oversight Committee and the Administrator must follow when operating a Conservation Easement Program.

II. CEP OBJECTIVE AND PRINCIPLES

Responding to the loss of County farmland, the Whatcom County Executive initiated the development of a Purchase of Development Rights (PDR) program in September of 2001. A PDR Advisory Committee comprised of farmers, citizens and conservation organizations was formed and tasked with assisting County staff in the development of a proposal for County Council consideration. The Purchase of Development Rights Program was enacted through Ordinance 2002-054 in September of 2002.

Since that time, Whatcom County continues to experience a rapid development rate. In Response to the loss of forest resource lands and areas of ecological importance, the program expanded in 2018 to protect working forestlands and important ecosystem areas. This expansion was enacted through Ordinance 2018-065. In order to better reflect the program's purpose, the program changed names in 2021 to the Whatcom County Conservation Easement Program. This change was enacted through Ordinance 2021-XXX. These program guidelines have been updated accordingly.

A. Objective

The primary objective of the Whatcom County Conservation Easement Program (CEP), in conjunction with other tools, is the protection of farmland. The secondary objective of the CEP is the protection of forestland and areas of ecological importance. The Whatcom County Conservation Easement Program will help to sustain the farming and forestry enterprises as well as support healthy ecosystem function throughout Whatcom County.

B. Principles

The CEP provides a strategic tool to protect County farmland, forestland, and areas of ecological importance.

1. Preserve the County's Agricultural lands, Forestlands and Areas of Ecological Importance

Encourage the protection of a critical mass of agricultural and forestry land to sustain the farm-related and forestry-related businesses and activities that are necessary to support the agricultural and forestry industries in Whatcom County. Additionally, the Program will encourage the protection of areas of ecological importance necessary to sustain ecosystem health and function.

The primary CEP emphasis will be:

- a. Reduce conversion of land to non-agricultural uses within the Agricultural District;
- b. Provide a buffer to discourage encroachment into the Agricultural District;
- c. Consolidate and protect areas of agricultural land; and
- d. Protect agricultural lands located outside the Agricultural District that are under increased pressure of development.

The secondary CEP emphases will be:

- a. Reduce conversion of land to non-forestry uses within the Forestry

Districts;

- b. Provide a buffer to encroachment of the Forestry Districts;
- c. Consolidate and protect areas of forestry land;
- d. Address commercially significant forestry lands outside the Forestry Districts that are under pressure of development.
- e. Protect areas of ecological importance and support and enhance ecosystem functions within agricultural and forestry lands;
- h. Improve and support habitat connectivity and protection of critical habitat corridors.

2. Offer Effective Program Design

Maintain a voluntary tool for the preservation of productive agricultural and forestry lands, as well as areas of ecological importance in the County that will:

- a. Provide farmers and foresters with the market based economic value for agricultural and forestry land without selling the land;
- b. Provide property owners with the market based economic value for areas of ecological importance without selling the land.
- c. Support and promote ongoing agricultural and forestry activities by offering an attractive option for farmers, foresters, and landowners;
- d. Support and promote ecosystem function by offering an attractive option for landowners; and
- e. Provide for ongoing monitoring and enforcement.

3. Leverage Program Impact and Efficiency

Enhance and support a coordinated approach to the preservation of the agricultural and forestry lands, as well as areas of ecological importance that will:

- a. Create community support for agricultural and forestry preservation initiatives;
- b. Create community support for the protection of areas of ecological importance;
- c. Complement and foster other County programs and policies to preserve farming and agricultural lands;
- d. Complement and foster other County programs and policies to preserve forestry and forestry lands;
- e. Complement and foster other County programs and policies to enhance ecosystem function and protect areas of ecological importance; and
- c. Leverage other public and private funding sources and provide or increase property owner incentives and program effectiveness.

III. ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA

A. Priority Consideration

Areas around the county have been identified to receive priority consideration for CEP participation.

Agricultural priority areas (Appendix A) include a combination of the Ten Rural Study Areas, Watershed Improvement District areas, lands within the Agriculture Zone, and additional areas identified in the 2019 Agricultural Landscape Analysis. The 2019 Agricultural Landscape Analysis also highlights active crop land and contiguous blocks of agricultural lands as identified by the Washington State Department of Agriculture as well as suitable agricultural soils as identified by USDA Natural Resource Conservation Service. Preservation of these areas protect designated agricultural lands and can establish a perimeter of PDR farmlands to protect against development encroachment into large blocks of agricultural lands. These lands, due to their soils, land use, and proximity to core agricultural areas, are deemed priority farmlands for program participation due to their vulnerability for conversion to non- agricultural uses.

Forestry priority areas (Appendix B) include lands located within the Rural Forestry zone and areas designated by the Washington State Department of Natural Resources as being priority for protection from conversion under Washington's Forest Action Plan. The 2019 Forestry Landscape Analysis did not identify additional priority areas.

Ecological priority areas (Appendix C) include lands containing a mapped Habitat Conservation Area or within 165' of habitat conservation feature, such as fish bearing streams, areas identified under the Washington State Department of Fish and Wildlife's Priority Habitats and Species, and the Chuckanut Wildlife Corridor. Ecological priority areas also include mapped FEMA Floodplain and Flood Hazard areas, the 300' buffer of the Historic Meander Zone, and additional areas identified in the 2019 Ecological Landscape Analysis. The 2019 Ecological Landscape Analysis also highlights watershed protection recommendations and freshwater habitat as identified by the Washington Department of Ecology, among other areas.

B. CEP Eligibility

Two factors will be important in determining eligibility:

1. Availability of funding to expand the program and
2. Advancement of CEP objectives. Priority lands will continue to receive preference over other lands through weighted selection criteria.

All applicant properties for CEP participation must be:

- 1. Completely or partially within an Agriculture, Rural, Rural Residential, or Rural Forestry zoning designations. Properties located in Urban Growth Areas are ineligible to participate in the program, unless coordination with cities is a component of an application.**
- 2. At least 1 acre in size.**
- 3. Removing all development rights if the parcel is smaller than 10 acres.**

IV. SITE SELECTION CRITERIA

All valid applications will be reviewed to determine if the acquisition of development rights will promote the CEP’s goals and priorities. Selection criteria have been developed to guide, but not control, the review and assessment of eligible properties during selection.

Valid and accepted offers on eligible properties of greater points shall be considered for purchase with available funds before properties receiving lower scores. The criteria, which will be used to evaluate the applications, are outlined below.

Rating instructions: An application will be scored under one of three types of conservation easement selection criteria: 1) Agricultural, 2) Forestry, or 3) Ecological. The agricultural selection criteria allow for a score of up to 110, while the forestry and ecological selection criteria allow for a score of up to 100. This ensures that agricultural protection is the primary emphasis of the program. There are five to six criteria sections and each criteria section is rated and assigned a point value based on a 100 point scale. Then each section is assigned a weight factor. The six agricultural weight factors add up to 1.1 and the five forestry and ecological weight factors each add up to 1.0. When total point values for a section are multiplied by the weight factor, a score will be reached for that section. The total of the section scores result in the final applicant score. Staff performs the ranking, with review and adjustment by the CEP Oversight Committee.

A. Agricultural Site Selection Criteria

1. General Site Evaluation

- a. Total size of parcel(s) (nominal acres)
 - 1. 0 – 9.99.....0 points
 - 2. 10 – 19.99 15 points
 - 3. 20 – 49.99.....30 points
 - 4. 50 – 79.99.....70 points
 - 5. ≥80..... 100 points

- b. Adjacent land is conserved by easement or other means (Whatcom Land Trust, NRCS CREP Program, or owned by a municipality or NGO)
 - 1. ≥1 mile.....0 points
 - 2. 0.50 to 0.99 mile.....25 points
 - 3. 0.25 to 0.49 mile.....50 points
 - 4. < 0.25 mile.....75 points
 - 5. Adjacent..... 100 points

- c. Number of legal lots of record
 - 1. 0-2.....20 points
 - 2. 3.....40 points
 - 3. 4.....60 points
 - 4. 5.....80 points
 - 5. ≥ 6.....100 points

- d. Removal of all unused development rights?
 - 1. Unused development rights remaining0 points
 - 2. All removed.....100 points

- e. Number of priority areas parcel is located in
 - 1. 0.....0 points
 - 2. 1.....50 points
 - 3. 2-3.....100 points

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for General Site Evaluation section has been 0.2, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

2. Development Pressure

- a. Number of existing unused development rights offered under current zoning
 - 1. 1-2..... 20 points
 - 2. 3..... 40 points
 - 3. 4..... 60 points
 - 4. 5..... 80 points
 - 5. ≥6..... 100 points

- b. Proximity to major roads or road intersections
(For purposes of this evaluation, “major roads” means roads with a daily traffic volume of 3,000 or more trips. A list of roads currently meeting this definition is included as Appendix D to this report.)
 - 1. Property is within 2,500 feet of a major road..... 25 points
 - 2. Property fronts on a major road..... 50 points
 - 3. Property is within 1,500 feet of the intersection
 of two major roads..... 75 points
 - 4. Property is at an intersection of major roads..... 100 points

- c. Threat of Conversion/Parcelization
 Total Number of Parcels in surrounding ¼ mile
 - 1. < 20 parcels..... 50 points
 - 2. 20 – 50 parcels..... 100 points
 - 3. 51 – 100 parcels..... 50 points
 - 4. > 100 parcels..... 0 points

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for Development Pressure section has been 0.2, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

3. Soil Evaluation

Productive farming, forestry and associated activities depend on soil capability (the suitability of soils for most types of field crops and/or timber production). Therefore, emphasis should be placed on the property's soil characteristics. The scoring system uses the NRCS Prime Farmland classifications, LESA classifications and APO soils classifications, including classification of soils of statewide importance as well as consideration given to site index score for forest soils. Highest points are assigned to better agricultural soils and lower points to poorer agricultural soils. Forest soils also receive additional points. Points are assigned based on the productivity and/or characteristics of the soil (profile, texture, slope, other). A soils chart is included as Appendix D. If a soil has a site index rating and a prime soil rating, the rating with the highest number of points will be applied.

Below is a table detailing the soil point system:

LESA Rating	APO or Non-APO Prime 1	Non-APO - Prime 2-8	Soils of Statewide Importance	Site Index
1	100	90	0	0
2	95	85	0	0
3	90	80	0	0
4	85	75	0	0
No Rating	80	70	50	0
Site Index Rating				
1	0	0	0	60
2	0	0	0	50
3	0	0	0	40
4	0	0	0	30
5	0	0	0	20

Farm applications receive points for this section proportional to the percentage of each soil type that exists on the property. An example of how this would work follows: A farm under review is 40 acres, of which 29.79 acres (about 75%) is soil 179-Whatcom Silt Loam 4-9% slopes, which is classified as LESA 4, APO Prime 1; and 10.21 acres (about 25%) is soil 180-Whatcom Silt Loam 9-15% slopes, which is not classified as APO or Prime, but is a soil of Statewide Importance. This farm would score a total of 76.07 points for this Section, as shown:

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
Soil #	Area (in acres)	% (B/Total area)	APO Soil	Prime 1- 6?	LESA Rating	Prime Rating	Statewide Soil	Site Index	Points	score (J*C)
179	29.79	74.48%	Y	Y	4	1	0	2	85	63.30
180	10.21	25.53%	N	N	0	0	yes	2	50	12.76
Total area	40									76.07

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for Soil Evaluation section has been 0.35, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

4. Agriculture Evaluation

- a. Percent of property actively farmed
 - 1. 0-25% 25 points
 - 2. 26-50% 50 points
 - 3. 51-75% 75 points
 - 4. >75% 100 points

- b. Legal water availability documentation
 - 1. No Water documentation or legal water access..... 0 points
 - 2. Water Claim 50 points
 - 3. Certified Water Right/Access to public water..... 100 points

- c. Parcel is located in Agriculture District and is less than 40 acres or parcel is located in a Rural Study Area?
 - 1. No..... 0 points
 - 2. Yes..... 100 points

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for Agriculture Evaluation section has been 0.15, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

5. Special Considerations

- a. Site contains heritage/historical significance, i.e. Heritage Barn Registry
 - 1. No..... 0 points
 - 2. Yes..... 100 points

- b. The Washington State Department of Ecology Watershed Characterization report has identified recommendations for addressing water flow processes within sub-watersheds. Protection (Overall importance to Water flow processes):
 - 1. Conservation (no change)..... 25 points
 - 2. Protection/Restoration..... 50 points
 - 3. Protection..... 75 points
 - 4. Highest protection..... 100 points

- c. Is property owner willing to restore ecosystem processes beyond the minimum required practices?
 - 1. Maybe/No..... 0 points
 - 2. Yes..... 100 points

- d. Site contains conservation values (viewsheds, wetlands, notable wildlife habitat, other critical areas)
 - 1. No..... 0 points
 - 2. Yes..... 100 points

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for Special Considerations section has been 0.10, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

6. Matching Funds or Bargain Sale

- 1. 0% secured..... 0 points
- 2. 25% secured..... 25 points
- 3. 50% secured..... 50 points
- 4. 75% secured..... 75 points
- 5. 100% secured..... 100 points

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for Matching Funds or Bargain Sale section has been 0.10, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

B. Forestry Site Selection Criteria

1. General Site Evaluation

- a. Total size of parcel(s) (nominal acres)
 - 1. 0 – 9.99.....0 points
 - 2. 10 – 19.99 15 points
 - 3. 20 – 49.99.....30 points
 - 4. 50 – 79.99.....70 points
 - 5. ≥80..... 100 points

- b. Adjacent land is conserved by easement or other means (Whatcom Land Trust, NRCS CREP Program, or owned by a municipality or NGO)
 - 1. ≥1 mile.....0 points
 - 2. 0.50 to 0.99 mile.....25 points
 - 3. 0.25 to 0.49 mile.....50 points
 - 4. < 0.25 mile.....75 points
 - 5. Adjacent.....100 points

- c. Number of legal lots of record
 - 1. 0-2.....20 points
 - 2. 3.....40 points
 - 3. 4.....60 points
 - 4. 5.....80 points
 - 5. ≥6.....100 points

- d. Removal of all unused development rights?
 - 1. Unused development rights remaining0 points
 - 2. All removed.....100 points

- e. Number of priority areas parcel is located in
 - 1. 0.....0 points
 - 2. 1.....50 points
 - 3. 2-3.....100 points

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for General Site Evaluation section has been 0.2, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

2. Development Pressure

- a. Number of existing unused development rights offered under current zoning
1. 1-2..... 20 points
 2. 3..... 40 points
 3. 4..... 60 points
 4. 5..... 80 points
 5. ≥6..... 100 points
- b. Proximity to major roads or road intersections
(For purposes of this evaluation, “major roads” means roads with a daily traffic volume of 3,000 or more trips. A list of roads currently meeting this definition is included as Appendix D to this report.)
5. Property is within 2,500 feet of a major road..... 25 points
 6. Property fronts on a major road..... 50 points
 7. Property is within 1,500 feet of the intersection
of two major roads..... 75 points
 8. Property is at an intersection of major roads..... 100 points
- c. Threat of Conversion/Parcelization
Total Number of Parcels in surrounding ¼ mile
1. < 20 parcels..... 50 points
 2. 20 – 50 parcels..... 100 points
 3. 51 – 100 parcels..... 50 points
 4. > 100 parcels..... 0 points

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for Development Pressure section has been 0.2, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

3. Forestry Evaluation

- a. Site index soil score, spatially weighted
1. 5 20 points
 2. 4 40 points
 3. 3 60 points
 4. 2 80 points
 5. 1..... 100 points
- b. Property is identified as priority forestland based on State Forest Action Plan?
1. No 0 points
 2. Yes..... 100 points
- c. Parcel is located in Rural Forestry District or is enrolled as Designated Forest Land?
1. No..... 0 points
 2. Yes..... 100 points
- d. Proximity to existing and contiguous blocks of forestland
1. >0.5 mile..... 0 points
 2. 0.26 – 0.5 mile..... 50 points
 3. 0.11 – 0.25 mile 75 points

4. ≤ 0.1 mile..... 100 points

e. Property is located at access to other working forestland?

1. No..... 0 points

2. Yes..... 100 points

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for Forestry Evaluation section has been 0.4, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

4. Special Considerations

a. Site contains existing or proposed trails

3. No..... 0 points

4. Yes..... 100 points

b. The Washington State Department of Ecology Watershed Characterization report has identified recommendations for addressing water flow processes within sub-watersheds. Protection (Overall importance to Water flow processes):

5. Conservation (no change)..... 25 points

6. Protection/Restoration..... 50 points

7. Protection..... 75 points

8. Highest protection..... 100 points

c. Is property owner willing to implement forest management practices beyond the minimum required practices?

1. Maybe/No..... 0 points

2. Yes..... 100 points

d. Site contains conservation values (viewsheds, wetlands, notable wildlife habitat, other critical areas)

1. No.....0 points

2. Yes..... 100 points

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for Special Considerations section has been 0.10, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

5. Matching Funds or Bargain Sale

1. 0% secured..... 0 points

2. 25% secured..... 25 points

3. 50% secured..... 50 points

4. 75% secured..... 75 points

5. 100% secured..... 100 points

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for Matching Funds or Bargain Sale section has been 0.10, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

C. Ecological Site Selection Criteria

1. General Site Evaluation

- a. Total size of parcel(s) (nominal acres)
 - 1. 0 – 9.990 points
 - 2. 10 – 19.9915 points
 - 3. 20 – 49.9930 points
 - 4. 50 – 79.9970 points
 - 5. ≥80 100 points

- b. Adjacent land is conserved by easement or other means (Whatcom Land Trust, NRCS CREP Program, or owned by a municipality or NGO)
 - 1. ≥1 mile0 points
 - 2. 0.50 to 0.99 mile25 points
 - 3. 0.25 to 0.49 mile50 points
 - 4. < 0.25 mile75 points
 - 5. Adjacent 100 points

- c. Number of legal lots of record
 - 1. 0-220 points
 - 2. 340 points
 - 3. 460 points
 - 4. 580 points
 - 5. ≥6100 points

- d. Removal of all unused development rights?
 - 1. Unused development rights remaining0 points
 - 2. All removed100 points

- e. Number of priority areas parcel is located in
 - 1. 00 points
 - 2. 150 points
 - 3. 2-3100 points

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for General Site Evaluation section has been 0.2, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

2. Development Pressure

- a. Number of existing unused development rights offered under current zoning
 - 1. 1-2 20 points
 - 2. 3 40 points
 - 3. 4 60 points
 - 4. 5 80 points
 - 5. ≥6 100 points

- b. Proximity to major roads or road intersections

(For purposes of this evaluation, “major roads” means roads with a daily traffic

volume of 3,000 or more trips. A list of roads currently meeting this definition is included as Appendix D to this report.)

- 1. Property is within 2,500 feet of a major road..... 25 points
- 2. Property fronts on a major road..... 50 points
- 3. Property is within 1,500 feet of the intersection
of two major roads..... 75 points
- 4. Property is at an intersection of major roads..... 100 points

c. Threat of Conversion/Parcelization

Total Number of Parcels in surrounding ¼ mile

- 1. < 20 parcels..... 50 points
- 2. 20 – 50 parcels..... 100 points
- 3. 51 – 100 parcels..... 50 points
- 4. > 100 parcels..... 0 points

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for Development Pressure section has been 0.2, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

3. Ecological Evaluation

The 2019 Landscape Analysis for the program is used to answer Questions 3.a through 3.c.

a. Protect water quality and quantity landscape analysis score, spatially weighted

- 1. 0 0 points
- 2. 0.01 – 0.99..... 20 points
- 3. 1 – 1.99 40 points
- 4. 2 – 2.99 60 points
- 5. 3 – 3.99 80 points
- 6. 4 – 5..... 100 points

b. Ecologically important aquatic areas landscape analysis score, spatially weighted

- 1. 0 0 points
- 2. 0.01 – 0.99..... 20 points
- 3. 1 – 1.99 40 points
- 4. 2 – 2.99 60 points
- 5. 3 – 3.99 80 points
- 6. 4 – 5..... 100 points

c. Ecologically important terrestrial areas landscape analysis score, spatially weighted

- 1. 0 0 points
- 2. 0.01 – 0.99..... 20 points
- 3. 1 – 1.99 40 points
- 4. 2 – 2.99 60 points
- 5. 3 – 3.99 80 points
- 6. 4 – 5..... 100 points

d. Additional ecologically important areas not included in landscape analysis score?

- 1. No..... 0 points
- 2. Yes..... 100 points

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for Ecological Evaluation section has been 0.4, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

4. Special Considerations

- a. Site contains existing or proposed trails
 - 1. No..... 0 points
 - 2. Yes..... 100 points

- b. The Washington State Department of Ecology Watershed Characterization report has identified recommendations for addressing water flow processes within sub-watersheds. Protection (Overall importance to Water flow processes):
 - 1. Conservation (no change)..... 25 points
 - 2. Protection/Restoration..... 50 points
 - 3. Protection..... 75 points
 - 4. Highest protection..... 100 points

- c. Is property owner willing to restore ecosystem processes beyond the minimum required practices?
 - 2. Maybe/No..... 0 points
 - 2. Yes..... 100 points

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for Special Considerations section has been 0.10, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

5. Matching Funds or Bargain Sale

- 6. 0% secured... 0 points
- 7. 25% secured..... 25 points
- 8. 50% secured..... 50 points
- 9. 75% secured..... 75 points
- 10..... 100%
- secured..... 100 points

Once a point value for the section is determined, it is multiplied by a weight factor to indicate the importance (weighted factor for Matching Funds or Bargain Sale section has been 0.10, but is subject to ongoing review by the Committee).

Final Score

The points for each section are added up and multiplied by a weight factor, which indicates the importance that is placed on a particular characteristic. The weighted scores are then added to provide an overall score (0-110). The higher the score, the more closely the property meets the goals of the program and hence is a higher priority for purchase and preservation. Properties which score less than 40 (forty) points will not be recommended for program participation. The CEP Oversight Committee retains the ability to add or subtract up to 5 points on any application. A write-up of committee opinion will be included in all council proceedings.

V. OVERVIEW OF CEP PROCEDURES

A. Outreach and Publicity

Step 1: The County shall develop and distribute outreach materials for the CEP. Outreach shall include the properties eligible to participate, the application process and applicable timeframes and extensions.

The Administrator may identify each property with potential development rights within priority consideration areas and provide written notification to the property owners.

B. Application and Ranking

Step 2: Voluntary pre-application screening. Interested property owners may meet with the County CEP Administrator (Administrator) to review their eligibility and special circumstances, if any.

Step 3: Application. An owner of land eligible for CEP participation submits an application for County acquisition of property or development rights. The application must be submitted on the form provided by the County.

Step 4: Lot of Record/Density Determination. An owner of land eligible for CEP participation submits a Lot of Record application. This application determines legal status of lots being considered and determines that number of development rights remaining on said lots. The Lot of Record determination must be completed before an appraisal can occur.

Step 5: The Administrator reviews each application for completeness, determines if the subject property meets minimum eligibility criteria and assigns a preliminary score based upon the CEP site selection criteria.

Step 6: The CEP Oversight Committee reviews CEP applications and recommends proposed development rights acquisition utilizing the selection criteria. Recommendations for development right acquisition are prepared and forwarded to County Council to approve, deny, or recommend modification.

Step 7: The Administrator estimates the number of appraisals that can be initiated based on available funds and chooses based on the top ranked parcels from the County Council's list of parcels and the timeline of projects with secured grant funding.

C. Title

Step 9: The Administrator initiates a title search. Closing is conditioned on the resolution of all unapproved title exceptions, within the County's sole discretion, which may require the receipt of subordination agreements or payoff letter.

D. Pricing Estimate and Appraisal

- Step 10: The Administrator or designee provides preliminary estimate of value, and notifies the property owner of an estimated range of value within which the appraisal will likely fall. The Administrator or designee sends the applicant a letter of intent, including range of expected value. The letter calls for the signature of property owner(s).
- Step 10: The Administrator or designee proceeds to verify assumptions through official county processes, such as a formal Lot of Record and density determination, and conduct other due diligence as necessary (such as water rights research and Title research and clearing).
- Step 11: Unless Council and the Executive specifically authorize an alternate approach to determine value, the Administrator commissions a full appraisal by a County authorized appraiser to appraise the value of placing a conservation easement on the land that removes development rights. The conservation easement value is the difference between the market value of full ownership of the land, and the agricultural or forestry value.
- Step 12: The appraiser submits the completed appraisal (or the alternate determination of value is conducted and submitted) to the Administrator and the Oversight Committee for their review.
- Step 13: The Administrator or designee meets with the property owner to review the appraisal (or alternate determination of value), state the offer, review the conservation easement provisions, agreement terms and conditions, and to answer the property owner's questions.
- Step 14: If the property owner believes that the land has not been adequately appraised or valued, the owner may, within the time allowed in the schedule, commission an appraisal at the owner's expense.

E. Offer to Purchase Easement and Agreement

- Step 15: A written offer to purchase development rights based on appraised or determined value is made to the property owner following budget authorization by the County Council, and approval by the County Executive.
- Step 16: Within 30 days, the property owner accepts, rejects or makes a counter offer. Counter offers will be reviewed and evaluated by the Oversight Committee and the County's authorized appraiser.
- Step 17: Property owners desiring to sell their development rights sign a Purchase and Sale Agreement.

F. Adjacent Property Owner Notification

- Step 18: Neighboring property owners are notified that adjacent land is in the process of

being preserved.

G. Approval

- Step 19: Review materials are presented to the County Executive for review and approval, rejection, or recommendation for modification.
- Step 20: Review materials are sent to other participating entities for partially or wholly funded conservation easements several days prior to any deadline.

I. Settlement

- Step 21: Settlement will occur following County Executive approval of transaction terms and is contingent upon a title search and any other evidence, such as a land survey, that may be necessary to establish clear title.
- Step 22: Payment will be in full at time of settlement unless the County and property owner agree to an installment sale.
- Step 23: Checks are requested from the Finance Manager and settlement is scheduled within a week or two of approval. Federal or state money is dispersed according to federal or state regulation.

J. Recording

- Step 24: The conservation easement will be recorded at the County Auditor's office. The County or its designee will monitor the properties under easement at least annually to ensure compliance with the easement.

VI. CONSERVATION EASEMENTS

A. Description

A conservation easement deed is a legally binding document, which is recorded by the County Auditor, forever restricting the property to agricultural, forestry, and/or ecological and directly associated uses, and for which compensation may be paid. As an easement in gross in perpetuity, restrictions are binding upon the owner and future owners, and run with the land.

B. Conservation Easements

At the time of acquisition of development rights from a participating property, a conservation easement is placed on the property permanently restricting development of the site and protecting/preserving the agricultural, forestry, and ecological values associated with the site. The conservation easement must be signed by both the property owner(s) and the County Executive or his/her designee and recorded with the property records for the property. A model conservation easement deed is included in these guidelines as attachment D.

1. Conservation Easement Requirements

Conservation easements shall be on a form approved by the Whatcom County Prosecuting Attorney and shall meet the following basic requirements:

- a. The deed shall be in recordable form and contain an accurate legal description setting forth the metes and bounds of the area subject to the easement;
- b. Restriction is granted in favor of Whatcom County, or if designated by the organizations as defined in RCW64.04.130;
- c. Restriction is granted in perpetuity, and shall bind existing and future property owners; and
- d. Unless specifically provided for, nothing in the restrictions shall be construed to convey to the public a right of access or use of the property, and the owner of the property, his/her heirs, successors and assigns shall retain exclusive right to such access or use subject to the terms of the easement.

2. Filing

After the conservation easement is signed and notarized, it must be recorded with the Whatcom County Auditor's Office.

C. Conservation Easement Conveyance

Conservation easements may be either donated or sold, or a combination of both.

1. Conservation Easement Donation

- a. A donation of a total parcel will not be subject to eligibility except as below in section c. Partial parcel donation shall be considered under the same rule as for development rights sales. Notwithstanding the eligibility of the property, acceptance of a fee interest or partial donation is within the discretion of the County Council.
- b. Whatcom County will accept voluntary donations or bequests of development rights as perpetual easements in gross if meeting eligibility criteria (except priority area criteria) and within the discretion of the County Council.
- c. All properties offered for development rights donation must meet the following minimum eligibility criteria:
 - 1. The CEP Oversight Committee will consider each offer on a case by-case basis, considering the property's consistency with current and future land uses, and
 - 2. The property must be at least 1 acre in size, and
 - 3. Be in agricultural or forestry use or contain ecological values and has not been irrevocably devoted to a use inconsistent with the above values,
 - 4. Cannot be located within an Urban Growth Area, unless coordination with the proximal small city is a component of the donation.

2. Conservation Easement Sale

- a. Whatcom County will purchase perpetual conservation easements on qualified properties in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Whatcom County Conservation Easement Program, with Federal, State, County, and/or private funds and any combination thereof.
- b. All properties offered for conservation easement sale must meet minimum eligibility criteria as contained in Section III.

VII. OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES FOR ACQUIRING CONSERVATION EASEMENTS

A. Outreach and Publicity

Outreach shall occur to inform landowners about the program and may include advertising in newspapers or other publications, landowner mailers, and presentations. Application opening and closing dates, if any, will be determined by the CEP Oversight Committee. The Committee shall have the discretion to consider applications in rounds, or individually on a rolling basis. If selection deadlines are extended, the committee will provide public notice of the extension.

B. Application and Ranking

1. Property owner(s) voluntarily submits an application(s) to the County. The application must be submitted to the County on the form provided by the CEP, and according to the relevant public notice. Applicants are to include at a minimum:
 - a. Name(s) and address(es) of the property owner(s) of the site;
 - b. Legal description and parcel number(s);
 - c. Copy of the property deed and title;
 - d. Total acreage of farmland to be included in the CEP;
 - e. Current land use and soils;
 - f. Number of dwelling units;
 - g. Description of the farming operation;
 - h. Other information necessary to evaluate property eligibility;
 - i. Acknowledgement of intent to grant to Whatcom County a conservation easement in a form provided by the County.
2. The Administrator shall review each application to determine completeness and eligibility.
3. Applications meeting all minimum eligibility criteria shall be evaluated and scored by the administrator and Oversight Committee according to the site selection criteria. (See Section IV)
4. The CEP Oversight Committee shall provide the County Council with information and scoring of properties recommended for conservation easement acquisition by the committee. County Council shall approve or deny pursuit of conservation easement acquisitions on the parcels.
5. The Administrator shall then arrange appraisals (or alternate determination of value) of eligible applicant properties as determined by the County Council.
6. The CEP Oversight Committee and Administrator shall provide updates to the County Council discussing recommended purchases, possible program changes,

and anticipated budget needs.

C. Appraisal

1. Appraisals for eligible properties shall be conducted to determine the value of a conservation easement on parcels in the order of acquisition priority and in accordance with grant funding timelines until acquisition funds are expended.
 - a. The appraisals are to be made by an independent appraiser qualified to appraise agricultural, forestry, and/or ecological land for conservation easement purchases. An appraiser is deemed qualified if he or she possesses a State of Washington certification as a State Certified General Real appraiser, MAI designation by the Appraisal Institute (or equivalent), and at least five years agricultural lands appraisal experience. Appraisers shall supply a narrative or UAAR form report, which contains information as required by the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP), Uniform Appraisal Standards of Federal Land Acquisition (UASFLA) and as specified in any contract with the County.
 - b. An appraisal report is an objective report of market facts. The appraisal report must estimate both the unrestricted fee market value of the land only, excluding the value of buildings, and the agricultural or forestry value of the land only, of which the difference is the conservation easement value.
 - c. Both values shall be based primarily on an analysis of comparable sales. If comparable sales data is not available for agricultural lands, the appraiser may use local farmland rental values or capitalized production values to determine the agricultural values of the land.
 - d. A description of the buildings or other improvements shall appear in the appraisal report; however, the buildings will not be valued and therefore will not be considered in determining the development rights value.
 - e. The appraiser shall report whether the subject property has any land use restrictions, public or private and/or physical attributes, which limit the developmental capability of the land.
 - f. The appraiser shall be advised that conservation easements are perpetual. The perpetual nature of the easement shall take precedent over any agricultural zoning status.
 - g. The appraisal shall be in writing and may be discussed with the owners prior to the submission of written offers.
 - h. If the property owner believes the property has not been adequately appraised, the owner may, within the time allotted, request that a review appraisal be made at the owner's expense. This appraisal must be completed in accordance with the guidelines set forth herein. If the review (owner's) appraisal is not completed within the allotted time, the application will be delayed for future

committee consideration. If a review appraisal is completed, the appraisal will be reviewed by the County's Appraiser. The County's Appraiser in consultation with the Program Administrator and the CEP Oversight Committee will accept, modify or reject the review appraisal. The determination of the County's Appraiser is final.

- i. The maximum value of development rights purchased by the County shall be no more than the easement value contained in an appraisal report. The easement value is the difference between the land's value before and after the voluntary conservation easement.
2. Council and the Executive may specifically authorize an alternate approach to determine value in accordance with state and local laws, in which case the conditions of that approach would substitute for the appraisal guidelines as set forth in C.1., above.

D. Title and Survey Issues

1. The Administrator shall request a title report confirming that applicant is the owner of the property and has unrestricted legal right to transfer the development rights (i.e. there must be clear title to transfer the property). The title report will be provided to the County Attorney for review.
2. All encumbrances (including but not limited to: liens, mortgages and judgments) against the property must be subordinated, satisfied or removed prior to development rights acquisition. Mortgage and/or lien holder subordination and releases may be required acknowledging that a conservation easement will be placed on the property and subordinating their interest in the property to the deed restriction.
3. At settlement for a County or joint development rights purchase, the Administrator shall provide a title insurance policy issued by a title insurance company authorized to conduct business in Washington State by the Washington State Office of Insurance Commissioner. The cost of such title insurance shall be a shared cost, with the county's portion considered a cost incident to the conservation easement purchase and a reimbursable expense from the County's Conservation Futures Fund.
4. It is the property owner's responsibility to survey (or provide a legal description that meets specific standards) any exceptions from the easement and any graveyards or cellular towers that may be located on the property. It is the property owner's responsibility to provide a legal description for any commercial operation on the farm that is not incidental to the overall farming operation, in order to exclude it from the easement. Surveys shall be conducted by a licensed surveyor in accordance with state and federal regulations.

E. Development Rights Value and Purchase Price

1. The maximum value of development rights purchased by the County shall be no more than the easement value contained in an appraisal report. The easement value is the difference between the land's value before and after the voluntary conservation easement.
2. Development rights may only be purchased in perpetuity.

F. Recommendation of Conservation Easement Purchases by the CEP Oversight Committee

1. The CEP Oversight Committee, in making recommendations concerning applications and purchase offers, shall consider the following:
 - a. Evaluation according to the site selection criteria
 - b. Consistency with County Comprehensive Plan
 - c. Cost relative to total allocations and appropriations
 - d. Proximity to other land subject to protection easements
2. Upon receiving the recommendations of the CEP Oversight Committee and the Administrator, the County Executive shall review the recommendations and shall take final action to authorize or deny proposed purchase terms and offers, consistent with authorization by the County Council.
3. If a property is approved for conservation easement purchase, the Administrator will meet with the property owner and review the terms, conditions and amount of the County's offer. A written offer will be provided to the property owner. Written notice shall also be provided to land not approved for conservation easement purchase.
4. Within 30 days of receipt of a written offer from the County an applicant must indicate in writing which of the following actions they intend to pursue:
 - a. Accept the offer.
 - b. Reject the offer.
 1. Reject offer outright
 - a. no further action
 - b. participate in future review
 2. Submit a counter offer within 90 days of written notice of offer by the County.
 - c. Failure to notify the County within 30 days shall constitute rejection of the offer.
5. If the offer is accepted, the Administrator shall prepare a Purchase and Sale agreement. USDA or State Funds must be paid as lump sum. The method of payment shall be specified from the options listed below:
 - a. Lump Sum
 - b. Installment Purchase Agreement (IPA)
 - c. Like-Kind Exchange
 - d. Or a combination of the above

6. For conservation easement purchase utilizing the Installment Purchase Agreement (IPA) program, the County Council at settlement shall provide an opinion of legal counsel that the County's obligations to make installment payments of principal and tax-exempt interest over time are legal, valid, and binding. And that such payments are a general obligation of the County for which its full faith, credit, and taxing power are pledged. Interest paid by the County is exempt from federal income taxes.
7. All Agreements of Sale and Conservation Easements require the County Council's approval.

G. Grant of the Agricultural, Forestry, and/or Ecological Protection Conservation Easement

Before the purchase of development rights can be finalized, a conservation easement in a form approved by the County Attorney and consistent with the policies of the CEP Guidelines, must be placed on the property permanently restricting development of the site and preserving its agricultural, forestry and/or ecological values.

The principal interest of the County is to ensure that lands are preserved and subsequently stewarded in a manner that maintains and enhances their farmland, forestland, and/or ecological values. There may be some instances where there is a public interest in another public entity or non-profit organization to hold the conservation easement, for continued stewardship and protection of the land. The County will consider:

1. The preferences of the donor or seller;
2. Administrative, monitoring, and enforcement issues associated with the conservation easement and the resources available to address these issues;
3. Requirement of Federal, State or County funding sources utilized to purchase conservation easements.

H. Conservation Easement Purchase Recommendations/Submission Requirements

1. County Council: Each recommendation for conservation easement purchases with County funds, State funds, Federal funds, private donor funds or a combination of funds shall be presented to the County Council at a regularly scheduled public meeting.
2. Letters of Notification: Letters of notification for development rights purchases will be sent to adjoining property owners by the Administrator.

VIII. CONSERVATION FUTURES FUND

A. Intent

This fund was established in 1992 to be used solely to acquire right and interests in open space land, farm and agricultural land, and timber land, so as to protect, preserve, maintain, improve, restore, limit the future use of, or otherwise conserve the property for public use and enjoyment.

B. Fund Sources

This Conservation Futures Fund is funded by a real property tax applied to all real property within Whatcom County at a rate determined by the county administration and county council.

C. Fund Source Accounts

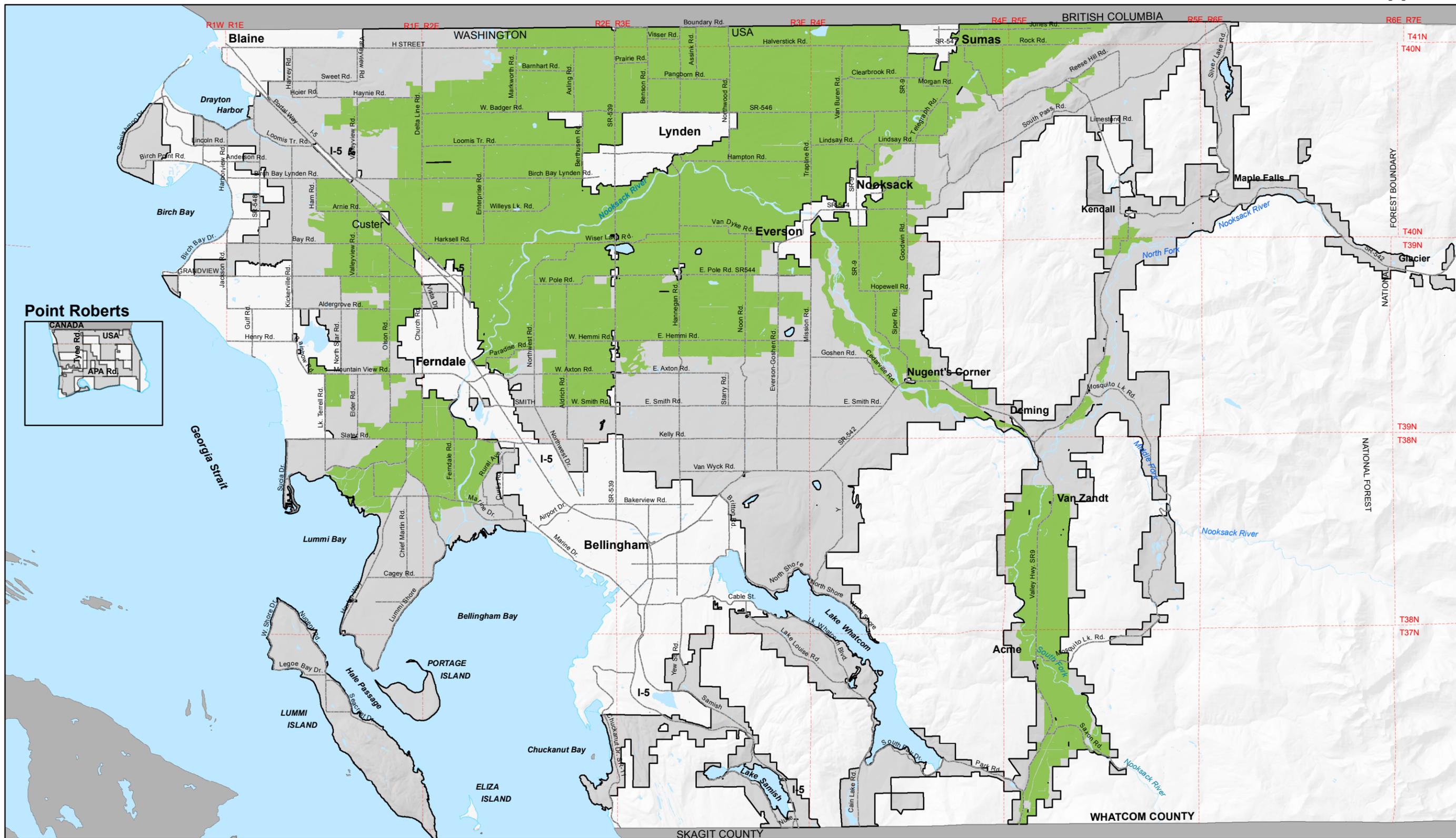
Council shall annually consider an allocation of Conservation Futures Fund to be placed in a Conservation Easement Program Account.

D. Installment Payment Fund

1. The intent of installment payment funds, which are established by the County, is to encumber and invest committed funds for which recipient property owners have elected annual installment payments for a period, which may vary according to the wishes of the property owner.
2. The full consideration of any transaction for which installment payments of five years or less have been elected shall be placed in the fund, less the amount of any first installment to be paid at settlement. This amount shall be invested and annual installment payments shall include the interest accrued.
3. Annual installment payments shall be made on or before January 20th of each year.
4. A property owner may enter into an Installment Purchase Agreement for fifteen (15) to thirty (30) years at an interest rate to be negotiated between the property owner and the County. The property owner will receive semi-annual interest payments that are tax exempt. Principal will be paid in one lump sum at the end of term. The property owner will also receive a security representing the Installment Purchase Agreement. The property owner may sell or assign this Agreement.

E. Public Expenditures

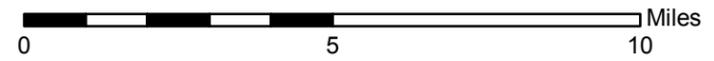
1. All public expenditures from the Conservation Futures Fund are subject to approval by Whatcom County Council and will be made in accordance with approved disbursement procedures.
2. Expenditures from the CEP Account shall be limited to interests in qualified agricultural, forestry, and/or ecological land participating in the Whatcom County Conservation Easement Program, and other expenses necessary to the acquisition of conservation easements authorized under RCW 84.34.200-.240.
3. The annual appropriation to the CEP by the County Council shall be available for the calendar year in which the appropriation was made and or the subsequent calendar year.



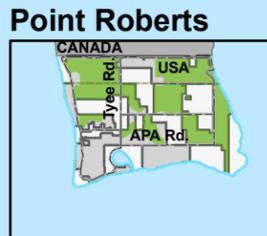
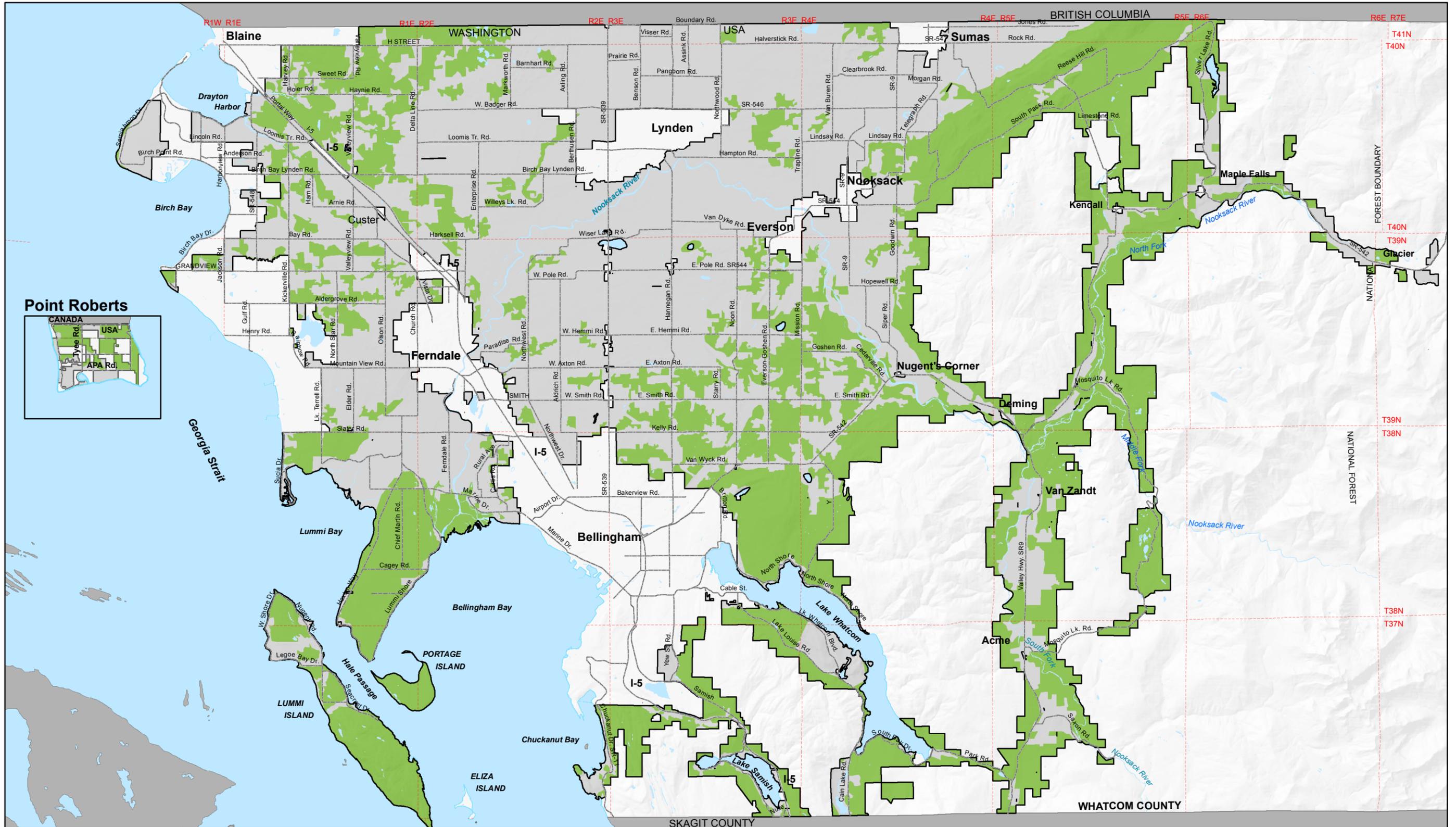
Whatcom County Agricultural Priority Areas

Agriculture Zone, Rural Study Areas, Watershed Improvement Districts, and Additional Areas Identified in the Agricultural Landscape Analysis

- Agricultural Priority Area
- Conservation Easement Program Area (Agriculture, Rural, Rural Residential, and Rural Forestry Zoning Outside Urban Growth Areas)



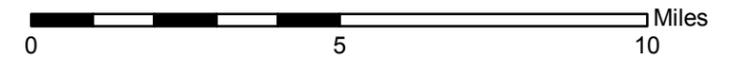
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Whatcom County Forestry Priority Areas

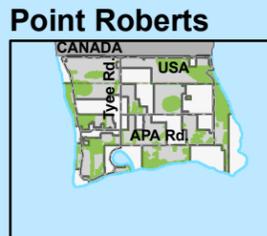
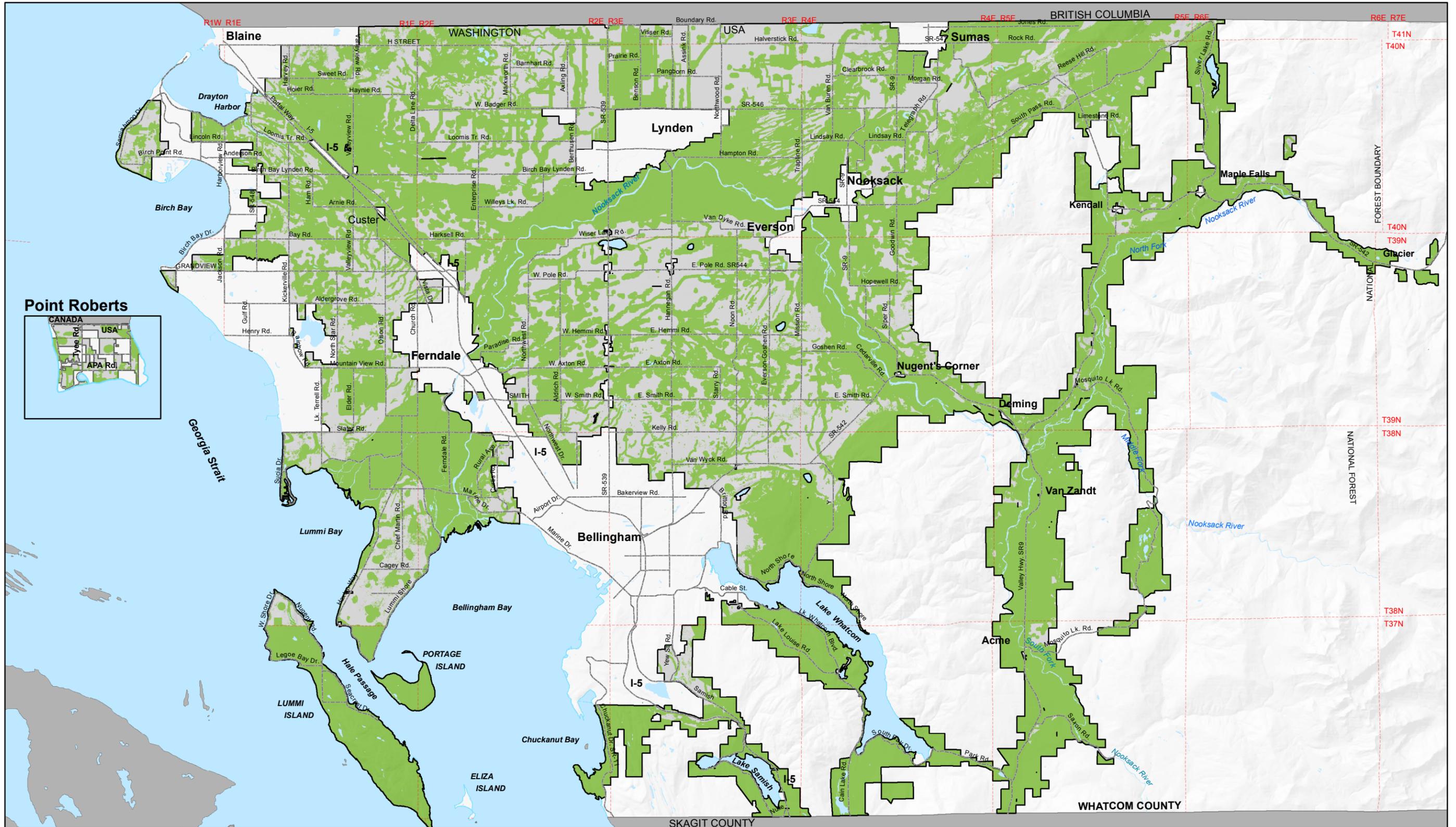
Rural Forestry Zone and WA Forest Action Plan
Priority Areas

- Forestry Priority Area
- Conservation Easement Program Area
(Agriculture, Rural, Rural Residential, and Rural Forestry Zoning Outside Urban Growth Areas)



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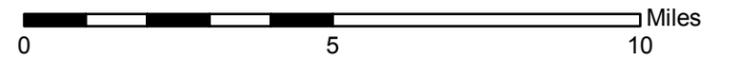
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Whatcom County Ecological Priority Areas

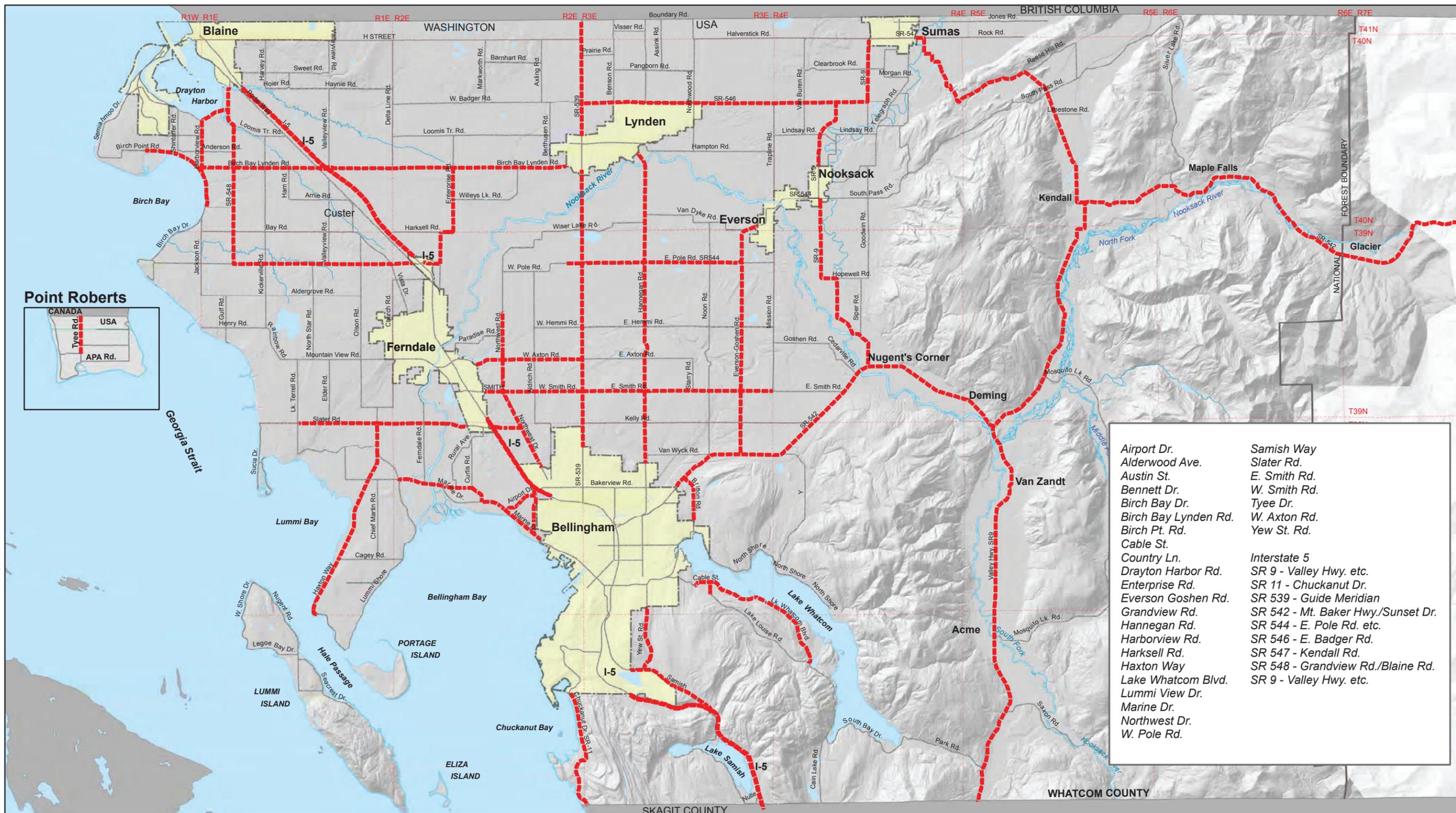
Habitat Conservation Areas, FEMA Floodplain, and Additional Areas Identified in the Ecological Landscape Analysis

- Ecological Priority Area
- Conservation Easement Program Area (Agriculture, Rural, Rural Residential, and Rural Forestry Zoning Outside Urban Growth Areas)



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- | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| Airport Dr. | Samish Way |
| Alderwood Ave. | Slater Rd. |
| Austin St. | E. Smith Rd. |
| Bennett Dr. | W. Smith Rd. |
| Birch Bay Dr. | Tyee Dr. |
| Birch Bay Lynden Rd. | W. Axton Rd. |
| Birch Pt. Rd. | Yew St. Rd. |
| Cable St. | |
| Country Ln. | Interstate 5 |
| Drayton Harbor Rd. | SR 9 - Valley Hwy. etc. |
| Enterprise Rd. | SR 11 - Chuckanut Dr. |
| Everson Goshen Rd. | SR 539 - Guide Meridian |
| Grandview Rd. | SR 542 - Mt. Baker Hwy./Sunset Dr. |
| Hannegan Rd. | SR 544 - E. Pole Rd. etc. |
| Harborview Rd. | SR 546 - E. Badger Rd. |
| Harksell Rd. | SR 547 - Kendall Rd. |
| Haxton Way | SR 548 - Grandview Rd./Blaine Rd. |
| Lake Whatcom Blvd. | SR 9 - Valley Hwy. etc. |
| Lummi View Dr. | |
| Marine Dr. | |
| Northwest Dr. | |
| W. Pole Rd. | |



Whatcom County

Major Roads - >3,000 Average Daily Trips

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0 0.5 1 2 3 4 Miles

APPENDIX E

Soils List

Soil #	Soil Name	APO y/n	LESA Group	PRIME	STATEWIDE IMPORTANCE	Site Index
1	ANDIC CRYOCHREPTS - 60 TO 90% SLOPES	N	0	0		
2	ANDIC CRYOCHREPTS-ROCK OUTCROP COMPLEX - 60 TO 90% SLOPES	N	0	0		
3	ANDIC XEROCHREPTS - 60 TO 90% SLOPES	N	0	0		3
4	ANDIC XEROCHREPTS-ROCK OUTCROP COMPLEX - 60 TO 90% SLOPES	N	0	0		3
5	ANDIC XEROCHREPTS-COOL ROCK OUTCROP COMPLEX-60 TO 90% SLOPES	N	0	0		4
6	BARNESTON GRAVELLY LOAM - 0 TO 8% SLOPES	N	3	4		2
7	BARNESTON VERY GRAVELLY LOAM - 8 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	4		2
8	BARNESTON VERY GRAVELLY LOAM - 15 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
9	BARNESTON VERY GRAVELLY LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
10	BARNHARDT GRAVELLY LOAM - 0 TO 5% SLOPES	N	1	1		3
11	BELLINGHAM SILTY CLAY LOAM - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	N	0	2		
12	BIRCHBAY SILT LOAM - 0 TO 3% SLOPES	Y	1	1		3
13	BIRCHBAY SILT LOAM - 3 TO 8% SLOPES	Y	0	0	yes	3
14	BIRCHBAY SILT LOAM - 8 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	3
15	BLAINEGATE SILTY CLAY - 0 TO 1% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	
16	BLAINEGATE-URBAN LAND COMPLEX - 0 TO 1% SLOPES	N	0	0		
17	BLETHEN GRAVELLY LOAM - 5 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	3
18	BLETHEN GRAVELLY LOAM - 15 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	3
19	BLETHEN GRAVELLY LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		3
20	BLETHEN VERY BOULDERY LOAM - 5 TO 40% SLOPES	N	0	0		3
21	BOROSAPRISTS - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	N	0	0		
22	BRISCOT SILT LOAM DRAINED - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	Y	3	2		
23	BRISCOT ORIDIA AND SUMAS SOILS - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	N	0	5		
24	CHUCKANUT LOAM - 3 TO 8% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	
25	CHUCKANUT LOAM-BEDROCK SUBSTRATUM - 5 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	2
26	CHUCKANUT LOAM-BEDROCK SUBSTRATUM - 15 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	2
27	CHUCKANUT LOAM-BEDROCK SUBSTRATUM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
28	CHUCKANUT-SHALCAR COMPLEX - 0 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	2
29	CHUCKANUT-URBAN LAND COMPLEX - 5 TO 20% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
30	CLENDENEN GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 5 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		
31	CLIPPER SILT LOAM-DRAINED - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	Y	2	2		
32	COMAR SILT LOAM - 5 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	2
33	COMAR SILT LOAM - 15 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	2
34	COMAR SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
35	CRINKER VERY CHANNERY SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
36	CUPPLES GRAVELLY LOAM - 5 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
37	CUPPLES GRAVELLY LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
38	DEKAPEN LOAM - 8 TO 25% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	3
39	DEMING GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 5 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		
40	DEMING GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
41	DIOSUD GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
42	EDFRO VERY GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 8 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		
43	EDFRO VERY GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		

44	EDFRO VERY STONY SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
45	EDMONDS-WOODLYN LOAMS - DRAINED - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	Y	0	0		
46	ELIZA SILT LOAM - DRAINED - 0 TO 1% SLOPES	N	0	5		
47	ELIZA-TACOMA SILT LOAMS - 0 TO 1% SLOPES	N	0	5		
48	EVERETT GRAVELLY SANDY LOAM-HARD SUBSTRATUM - 2 TO 8% SLOPES	N	0	4		3
49	EVERETT VERY GRAVELLY SANDY LOAM - 8 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	4		3
50	EVERETT VERY GRAVELLY SANDY LOAM - 15 TO 35% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	3
51	EVERETT COMPLEX - 2 TO 8% SLOPES	N	0	4		3
52	EVERETT-URBAN LAND COMPLEX - 5 TO 20% SLOPES	N	0	0		3
53	EVERSON SILT LOAM-DRAINED - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	N	2	2		
54	FISHTRAP MUCK-DRAINED - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	Y	3	2		
55	GALLUP SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
56	GALLUP SILT LOAM - 60 TO 80%	N	0	0		
57	GALLUP SILT LOAM-COLD - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
58	GALLUP SILT LOAM-COLD - 60 TO 80% SLOPES	N	0	0		
59	GETCHELL LOAM - 3 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		
60	GETCHELL LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
61	HALE SILT LOAM - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	N	0	2		4
62	HALE SILT LOAM-DRAINED - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	Y	2	2		4
63	HALLENTON SILT LOAM-DRAINED - 0 TO 1% SLOPES	N	0	2		
64	HANNEGAN VERY GRAVELLY LOAM - 15 TO 40% SLOPES	N	0	0		
65	HARTNIT SILT LOAM-COLD - 5 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		
66	HARTNIT SILT LOAM-COLD - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
67	HARTNIT-GALLUP-ROCK OUTCROP COMPLEX - 50 TO 80% SLOPES	N	0	0		
68	HEISLER VERY GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 8 TO 30%	N	0	0	yes	2
69	HEISLER VERY GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
70	HINKER VERY CHANNERY SILT LOAM - 5 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		
71	HINKER VERY CHANNERY SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
72	HISTOSOLS-PONDED - 0 TO 1% SLOPES	N	0	2		
73	HOVDE SILT LOAM - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	
74	HOZOMEEN GRAVELLY LOAM - 20 TO 45% SLOPES	N	0	0		
75	HYDRAQUENTS-TITAL - 0 TO 1% SLOPES	N	0	0		
76	JACKMAN GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
77	JORGENSEN GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 3 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	0		
78	JUG VERY GRAVELLY LOAM - 3 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	2
79	KICKERVILLE SILT LOAM - 0 TO 3% SLOPES	Y	1	1		2
80	KICKERVILLE SILT LOAM -3 TO 8% SLOPES	Y	1	1		2
81	KICKERVILLE SILT LOAM - 8 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	2
82	KICKERVILLE-URBAN LAND COMPLEX - 0 TO 3% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
83	KINDY GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 8 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		4
84	KINDY GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		4
85	KINDY-OSO COMPLEX - 5 TO 40% SLOPES	N	0	0		
86	KLAWATTI VERY GRAVELLY LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
87	KLAWATTI V. GRAVELLY SANDY LOAM-SERPENTINE-10 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		
88	KLAWATTI V. GRAVELLY SANDY LOAM-SERPENTINE-10 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		
89	KLAWATTI-ROCK OUTCROP COMPLEX - 60 TO 80% SLOPES	N	0	0		
90	KLINE GRAVELLY SANDY LOAM - 2 TO 8% SLOPES	N	0	4		3
91	KULSHAN LOAM - 5 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		
92	KILSHAN LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
93	LABOUNTY SILT LOAM - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	N	4	2		

94	LABOUNTY SILT LOAM-DRAINED - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	N	0	2		
95	LARUSH SILT LOAM - 0 TO 3% SLOPES	Y	3	1		2
96	LAXTON LOAM - 0 TO 30% SLOPES	Y	1	1		2
97	LAXTON LOAM - 3 TO 8% SLOPES	Y	1	1		2
98	LAXTON LOAM - 8 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	2
99	LYNDEN SANDY LOAM	Y	1	1		3
100	LYNDEN SANDY LOAM - 3 TO 7% SLOPES	Y	1	1		3
101	LYNDEN-URBAN LAND COMPLEX - 0 TO 5% SLOPES	N	0	0		3
102	LYNNWOOD SANDY LOAM - 0 TO 5% SLOPES	N	0	4		3
103	LYNNWOOD SANDY LOAM - 5 TO 20% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	3
104	MONTBORNE GRAVELLY LOAM - 5 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		3
105	MONTBORNE GRAVELLY LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		3
106	MONTBORNE-RINKER COMPLEX - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		3
107	MT. VERNON FINE SANDY LOAM - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	Y	2	1		2
108	NATI LOAM - 5 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	2
109	NATO LOAM = 15 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	2
110	NATI LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		3
111	NEPTUNE VERY GRAVELLY SANDY LOAM- 0 TO 3% SLOPES	N	0	4		3
112	OAKES VERY GRAVELLY LOAM - 8 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
113	OAKES VERY GRAVELLY LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
114	OAKES VERY GRAVELLY LOAM - 60 TO 80% SLOPES	N	0	0		4
115	ORIDIA SILT LOAM-DRAINED - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	Y	3	2		
116	PANGBORN MUCK-DRAINED - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	Y	3	2		
117	PICKETT-ROCK OUTCROP COMPLEX - 5 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		4
118	PICKETT-ROCK OUTCROP COMPLEX - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		4
119	PILCHUCK LOAMY FINE SAND - 0 TO 3% SLOPES	N	0	7		3
120	PITS	N	0	0		
121	POTCHUB LOAM - 8 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		
122	POTCHUB LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
123	PUGET SILT LOAM-DRAINED - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	Y	3	2		
124	PUYALLUP FINE SANDY LOAM - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	Y	2	4		2
125	REVEL LOAM - 5 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		4
126	REVEL LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		4
127	REVEL-WELCOME-ROCK OUTCROP COMPLEX - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		4
128	RINKER VERY CHANNERY SILT LOAM - 8 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	3
129	RINKER VERY CHANNERY SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		3
130	RIVERWASH	N	0	0		
131	ROCK OUTCROP	N	0	0		
132	ROCK OUTCROP-KULSHAN COMPLEX - 60 TO 90% SLOPES	N	0	0		
133	RUBBLE LAND	N	0	0		
134	SAAR GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 5 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		
135	SAAR GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
136	SAAR-HARTNIT COMPLEX - 5 TO 40% SLOPES	N	0	0		
137	SANDUN VERY GRAVELLY SANDY LOAM - 5 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		
138	SANDUN VERY GRAVELLY SANDY LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
139	SEHOME LOAM - 2 TO 8% SLOPES	Y	0	1		2
140	SEHOME LOAM - 8 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	2
141	SEHOME GRAVELLY LOAM - 15 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	2
142	SEHOME GRAVELLY LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
143	SHALCAR MUCK-DRAINED - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	Y	3	2		

144	SHALCAR AND FISHTRAP SOILS - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	N	0	2		
145	SHUKSAN GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 5 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		
146	SHUKSAN GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	
147	SHUKSAN-KULSHAN-ROCK OUTCROP COMPLEX - 50 TO 80% SLOPES	N	0	0		
148	SKIPOPA SILT LOAM - 0 TO 8% SLOPES	Y	0	2		3
149	SKIPOPA-BLAINEGATE COMPLEX - 0 TO 8% SLOPES	N	0	2	yes	3
150	SKYKOMISH VERY GRAVELLY LOAM - 3 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		3
151	SNOHOMISH SILT LOAM-DRAINED - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	Y	3	2		
152	SNOQUALMIE GRAVELLY LOAMY SAND - 0 TO 3% SLOPES	N	0	4	yes	3
153	SORENSEN VERY GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 8 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	2
154	SORENSEN VERY GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
155	SPRINGSTEEN VERY GRAVELLY LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
156	SQUALICUM GRAVELLY LOAM - 5 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	2
157	SQUALICUM GRAVELLY LOAM - 15 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
158	SQUALICUM GRAVELLY LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
159	SQUALICUM-URBAN LAND COMPLEX - 5 ATO 20% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
160	SQUIRES VERY CHANNERY LOAM - 5 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
161	SQUIRES VERY CHANNERY LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
162	SUMAS SILT LOAM-DRAINED - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	Y	3	2		
163	TACOMA SILT LOAM - 0 TO 1% SLOPES	N	0	5		
164	TACOMA SILT LOAM-DRAINED - 0 TO 1% SLOPES	N	0	5		
165	TROMP LOAM - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	Y	1	1		3
166	TWINSI VERY GRAVELLY LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
167	TWINSI VERY STONY LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
168	TYPIC CRYORTHODS - 60 TO 90% SLOPES	N	0	0		
169	TYPIC CRYORTHODS-ROCK OUTCROP COMPLEX - 60 TO 90% SLOPES	N	0	0		
170	TYPIC PSAMMAQUENTS-TIDAL - 0 TO 1% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	
171	URBAN LAND	N	0	0		
172	URBAN LAND-WHATCOM-LABOUNTY COMPLEX - 0 TO 8% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	2
173	VANZANDT VERY GRAVELLY LOAM - 5 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
174	VANZANDT VERY GRAVELLY LOAM - 15 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
175	VANZANDT VERY GRAVELLY LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
176	WELCOME LOAM - 5 TO 30% SLOPES	N	0	0	yes	3
177	WELCOME LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		3
178	WHATCOM SILT LOAM - 0 TO 3% SLOPES	Y	2	1		2
179	WHATCOM SILT LOAM - 3 TO 8% SLOPES	Y	4	1		2
180	WHATCOM SILT LOAM - 8 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
181	WHATCOM SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
182	WHATCOM-LABOUNTY SILT LOAMS - 0 TO 8% SLOPES	N	4	2		2
183	WHATCOM-LABOUNTY SILT LOAMS - 0 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	2	yes	2
184	WHITEHORN WILT LOAM - 0 TO 2% SLOPES	Y	3	2		
185	WICKERSHAM CHANNERY SILT LOAM - 0 TO 8% SLOPES	N	4	1		2
186	WINSTON SILT LOAM - 0 TO 3% SLOPES	Y	0	1		2
187	WINSTON LOAM - 3 TO 15% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
188	WINSTON LOAM - 15 TO 40% SLOPES	N	0	0		2
189	WISEMAN VERY CHANNERY SAND LOAM - 0 TO 8% SLOPES	N	0	4		3
190	WOLLARD GRAVELLY SILT LOAM - 30 TO 60% SLOPES	N	0	0		
191	YELM LOAM - 3 TO 8% SLOPES	Y	1	1	yes	2
192	YELM-URBAN LAND COMPLEX - 0 TO 3% SLOPES	N	0	0		2

APPENDIX F

Model Conservation Easement Deed

A sample Conservation Easement Deed based on the assumption of matching funds from the USDA-NRCS Agricultural Conservation Easement Program, is included in the following pages.

After Recording Return To:

Whatcom County
311 Grand Avenue, Suite 108
Bellingham, WA 98225

DOCUMENT TITLE: _____ **AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION EASEMENT**

GRANTOR: _____

GRANTEES: **WHATCOM LAND TRUST AND WHATCOM COUNTY**

ABBR. LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

Full Legal Description in Exhibit A

TAX PARCEL # _____

AGRICULTURAL CONSERVATION EASEMENT DEED

This Conservation Easement Deed (“Deed”) is made and entered into this ____ day of _____ 20__, by _____ (“Grantor”), the WHATCOM LAND TRUST (“Trust”), and WHATCOM COUNTY, WASHINGTON (“County”) (“collectively, Grantees”), and with a right of enforcement to the United States of America (the United States), acting by and through the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) on behalf of the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC), as its interest appears herein, for the purpose of forever conserving the agricultural productivity of the Protected Property and its value for resource preservation and as open space.

1. RECITALS

- 1.1. Grantor is fee simple owner of real property (the “Protected Property”) in Whatcom County, Washington, that is the subject of this Easement. Exhibit A is the legal description and Exhibit B is a site plan for that Protected Property, both of which are attached and incorporated herein by reference.

- 1.2. While “Grantees” include the Whatcom Land Trust and Whatcom County, use of the term “Grantees” does not imply that joint approval is required to exercise Grantees’ rights and responsibilities under this Easement. Those rights and responsibilities may be independently exercised by any Grantee.
- 1.3. The Protected Property is approximately _____ acres and is currently farmed.
- 1.4. The Protected Property has significant agricultural value to Grantees and to the people of Whatcom County and the State of Washington. The agricultural values include productive soil types and agricultural infrastructure as described in Baseline Documentation (Exhibit D). It is the intent of all parties that the agricultural values described in the baseline shall remain for the life of this easement and shall be used along with annual monitoring to identify future changes on the easement area.
- 1.5. Grantor and Grantees agree that the conveyance of rights and imposition of restrictions described in this Easement furthers the intent of Whatcom County Ordinance No. 2002-054, provided in Exhibit C, which establishes the Purchase of Development Rights Program to preserve land for agricultural purposes and has substantial public benefits.
- 1.6. As owner of the Protected Property, Grantor has the right to convey the rights and restrictions contained in this Easement in perpetuity.
- 1.7. Under the authority of the Agricultural Conservation Easement Program, (16 U.S.C. Sections 3838h and 3838i) the United States Department of Agriculture’s Natural Resources Conservation Service (herein “NRCS”) has provided on behalf of the Commodity Credit Corporation \$ _____ (_____ and 00/100 dollars) to Grantee for the acquisition of this Conservation Easement, entitling the United States to the rights identified herein.

2. CONVEYANCE AND CONSIDERATION

- 2.1. For the reasons stated above, in consideration of mutual covenants, terms, conditions, and restrictions contained in this Easement, and in consideration of payment of \$ _____ by the Whatcom County and the NRCS to Grantor, Grantor hereby grants, conveys and warrants to Grantees a Conservation Easement in perpetuity over the Protected Property, consisting of certain rights and restrictions as defined in this Easement Deed.
- 2.2. This Easement Deed is a conveyance of an interest in real property under the provisions of RCW 64.04.130.
- 2.3. Grantor and Grantees intend that this Easement run with the land and that it shall be binding upon Grantor’s, successors and assigns in perpetuity.

3. PURPOSE

The purpose of this Easement is to: (1) protect the present and future ability to use the Protected Property for agricultural purposes; (2) preserve the soil as a valuable resource and prevent activities that will impair the ability, now or in the future, to use the soil to produce food and fiber; (3) enable the Protected Property to remain in agricultural use for the production of food and fiber by preserving and protecting in perpetuity its agricultural values, character, use and utility, and to prevent any use or condition of the Protected Property that would significantly impair or interfere with its agricultural values, character, use or utility. This statement of purpose is intended as a substantive provision of the Easement. Any ambiguity or uncertainty regarding the application of the provisions of this Easement will be resolved so as to further this purpose. The granting of this Easement will also serve the "conservation purpose" of farmland protection as identified in Section 170(h)(4)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code.

4. RELATIONSHIP OF PARTIES

- 4.1. Unless noted otherwise, Whatcom County and the Whatcom Land Trust share all rights and responsibilities of Grantees under this Easement. For purposes of administering, monitoring and enforcing the terms of the Easement, the Whatcom Land Trust is the lead Grantee, unless Grantor is notified otherwise. As the lead Grantee, the Whatcom Land Trust has authority to act alone and at its sole discretion in exercising all rights and responsibilities of Grantees under this Easement. Grantor shall treat the Whatcom Land Trust as its contact for all matters regarding this Easement. Whatcom County and the Whatcom Land Trust may jointly take enforcement action, or if the Whatcom Land Trust fails to enforce the terms of this Easement, Whatcom County may do so alone.
- 4.2. The Trust will consult the County regarding any violation of the Easement that threatens the purpose of this Easement as described in Section 3. If a less serious violation is determined to have occurred, the Trust will report to the County the nature of the violation and the response to that violation by the Trust.
- 4.3. The above Section 4.1. does not pertain to monitoring and enforcement of a conservation farm plan, the responsibility for which rests with NRCS and Whatcom County as described in Section 9.

5. RIGHT OF ENFORCEMENT

Under this Conservation Easement, the United States is granted the right of enforcement in order to protect the public investment. This is a vested property right that cannot be condemned by State or local government. The Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture (the Secretary) or his or her assigns, on behalf of the United States, may exercise this right of enforcement under any authority available under State or Federal law if the Grantees fail to enforce any of the terms of this Conservation Easement, as determined in the sole discretion of the Secretary.

The United States shall be entitled to recover any and all administrative and legal costs from the County Grantee, including attorney's fees or expenses, associated with any enforcement or remedial action as it relates to the enforcement of this Easement.

Additionally, the United States is granted the right to enter the Property at a reasonable time and upon reasonable prior written notice to Grantor, for the purpose of making a general inspection of the Protected Property, in accordance with the Agricultural Conservation Easement Program requirements.

6. PERMITTED USES AND ACTIVITIES

Grantor may:

- 6.1. Engage in the production of food and fiber and other uses and activities consistent with the purpose of this Easement so long as those uses or activities are not expressly prohibited in Section 7 below.
- 6.2. Continue any use or activity not permitted by this easement at the time this Easement is signed provided it is not contrary to the purposes of this Easement and provided that such use or activity is described in this section.
- 6.3. Remove, Maintain, Expand, or Replace, existing agricultural structures and roads and construct new agricultural structures, roads, and improvements used primarily for agricultural enterprises on the Protected Property within the "Farmstead", as defined in Section 12 of this Easement, and shown on Exhibit B, so long as expansion or new construction does not exceed the area of impervious surfaces allowed in Section 7.4. Agricultural structures may include, without limitation, fencing, offices, warehouses, temporary farm worker housing, livestock housing and related structures, equipment storage and maintenance facilities, facilities related to the processing and sale of farm products predominately grown on the Protected Property, temporary hoop houses and temporary greenhouses with no foundation so long as the structures' primary use is to support the agricultural activities on the Protected Property or agricultural activities on other property under the control of the Grantor.
- 6.4. Remove, Maintain, Expand, or Replace temporary hoop houses and temporary greenhouses with no foundation outside of the Farmstead area so long as the structures' primary use is to support the agricultural activities on the Protected Property or agricultural activities on other property under the control of the Grantor.
- 6.5. On the "Farmstead", as defined in Section 12 of this Easement, and shown in Exhibit B, engage in any uses or activities, that do not impair the ability to farm the remainder of the Protected Property in the present or future and that are not prohibited by Section 7 below.
- 6.6. Plant or maintain trees on the Agricultural Land, as defined in Section 12 of this Easement only as follows:

- 6.6.1. Maintain a woodlot for the production of firewood to be used on the Protected Property.
- 6.6.2. Plant Christmas trees and short rotation hardwoods not subject to the excise tax imposed by RCW 84.33, provided that adequate provision is made for the removal of trees, including stumps and roots, at the termination of the Christmas tree or short rotation hardwood farming operation.
- 6.6.3. Install and maintain trees on the riparian portion of the property according to the Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program and/or Best Management Practices in coordination with the Whatcom Conservation District.
- 6.6.4. Plant and maintain trees to provide shading for grazing livestock.
- 6.6.5. Plant and maintain trees used in fruit or nut production.
- 6.7. Install a small-scale wind and solar power generator for the primary purpose of generating electric power for use on the Protected Property, provided however that incidentally generated excess power may be sold through the electric grid and further provided that Grantee must approve the scale and location of any such small-scale wind and solar power generator prior to installation.
- 6.8. Grantor has the right to conduct non-farm related commercial or industrial activity provided that conduct of such activity uses no more than one percent (1%) or one acre of the Protected Property, whichever is less, or provided such activity utilizes buildings existing at the time the Conservation Easement is signed and does not involve installation of facilities or expenditure of capital that would hinder the future use of buildings for agricultural purposes. Said activity must be compatible with the purpose of this Conservation Easement and agriculture and forestry uses of the Protected Property and subordinate to the agricultural and residential use of the Protected Property. Activities which market petroleum or chemical products are prohibited.

7. PROHIBITED USES AND RESTRICTIONS ON PERMITTED USES

Unless specifically permitted by Section 6 above, and as may be necessary to carry out those reserved rights, Grantor shall not engage in or permit any of the following activities on the Protected Property:

- 7.1. Use or activities inconsistent with the purpose of this Easement.
- 7.2. Legal or “de facto” division, subdivision, or partitioning of the land or the separate sale of any portion of the Property, even if that portion of the Property constitutes a separate legal parcel. This restriction does not prohibit minor boundary line adjustments with adjoining agricultural land, provided there is no net loss of land to the Property, and provided that no new parcel may be created by such boundary line adjustments, and such adjustments does not affect over

two acres in total for the entire Property. Any new land gained through a boundary line adjustment is subject to the terms of this agreement.

- 7.3. Place or construct any residential building, structures, or other residential improvements of any kind except those utilized to house farm workers.
- 7.4. Cover more than two percent (2%) of the area (approximately _____ square feet) of the Protected Property with impervious surfaces, including, without limitation, asphalt, concrete, buildings, or ponds, except animal waste holding ponds.
- 7.5. Construct non-agricultural structures or facilities.
- 7.6. Conduct any use or activity that removes or damages the long-term viability of the soil or impairs the ability to farm the Protected Property except for conservation or best management practices as specified in the NRCS Field Office Technical Guide for Whatcom County.
- 7.7. Transfer, encumber, sell, relinquish, forfeit or otherwise separate water rights from title to the Protected Property except that with the consent of the County, such portion of the Water Rights that are excess and not then needed for agricultural purposes on the Property may either be leased for a period not to exceed ten years for the beneficial use for agricultural activities on land other than the Protected Property, or temporarily enrolled in the state Trust Water Right Program for a period not to exceed ten years or conveyed to the County as provided in Section 8, so long as sufficient water rights are retained by grantor to ensure adequate water to carry on agricultural activities on the protected land now and in the future.
- 7.8. Mine or extract soil, sand, gravel, oil or other mineral, except that Grantor may extract soil, sand, and gravel solely for a permitted use on the Protected Property in a manner consistent with the conservation purposes of this easement. Such alteration shall not exceed two acres.
- 7.9. Use off-road motor vehicles on the Protected Property or grant permission for such use except as necessary in the accomplishment of the agriculture, forestry, habitat management, law enforcement and public safety, or conservation uses of the Protected Property, provided that no use of motorized vehicles shall create impacts that are detrimental to the productivity of the soils on the Protected Property and the Purposes of this Easement Deed.
- 7.10. Grant easements or rights-of-way for power lines, gas lines, sewer lines, water lines, telecommunications towers, and wind farms.
- 7.11. Expand or intensify any use or activity existing at the time this Easement Deed is signed that is contrary to the purpose of this Easement or prohibited in this section.
- 7.12. The dumping or accumulation of trash on the Protected Property is prohibited, except that the storage of agricultural products for use on the Protected Property and by-products generated on the Protected Property is permitted.

8. WATER RIGHTS

- 8.1. The Parties agree that any Water Rights must be maintained on the Protected Property to ensure the protection of the Agricultural Values.
- 8.2. Trust will include reference, in Baseline Documentation (Exhibit D), to any water rights associated with the Protected Property. In its monitoring visits, Trust will inquire regarding the status and protection of water rights and will include in its Annual Monitoring Report any new information about water rights on the Protected Property and concerns, if any, about whether water rights are being protected. If at any time Trust believe that Grantor is not sufficiently informed about protecting Grantor's water rights, Trust will refer Grantor to Whatcom County and will urge Grantor to take the Water Rights protection actions.
- 8.3. Under this Easement, Grantor is obligated to take appropriate action to protect water rights on the Protected Property. Section 4 RELATIONSHIP OF PARTIES notwithstanding, Whatcom County, not the Trust, has responsibility for enforcing this Grantor obligation. If Grantor fails to take appropriate action to protect water rights on the Protected Property, Whatcom County may pursue remedies in accordance with Sections 13 and 14 of this Easement or may itself take appropriate action to protect the water rights.
- 8.4. If Grantor is unable or unwilling to take the Water Rights protection action, and the Water Rights are under threat of abandonment, relinquishment, loss or forfeiture, Grantor shall convey ownership of said Water Rights to County for County's use in order to maintain the agricultural activity on the Protected Property.

9. CONSERVATION PLAN

- 9.1. As required by section 1238I of the Food Security Act of 1985, as amended, the Grantor, its successors, or assigns, shall conduct all agricultural operations on the Protected Property in a manner consistent with a Conservation Plan prepared in consultation with the Whatcom Conservation District and approved by NRCS. This conservation plan shall be developed using standards and specifications of the NRCS Field Office Technical Guide and 7 CFR Part 12 that are in effect on the date this Easement Deed is executed. However, the Grantor may develop and implement a Conservation Plan that proposes a higher level of conservation and is consistent with NRCS Field Office Technical Guide standards and specifications. The Conservation Plan is incorporated into this Conservation Easement Deed by reference. NRCS shall have the right to enter upon the Protected Property, with advanced notice to the Grantor, in order to monitor compliance with the Conservation Plan.
- 9.2. In the event of noncompliance with the Conservation Plan, NRCS shall work with the Grantor to explore methods of compliance and give the Grantor a reasonable amount of time, not to exceed twelve months, to take corrective action. If the Grantor does not comply with the conservation plan, NRCS will inform the County of the Grantor's noncompliance. The County shall take all reasonable steps (including efforts at securing voluntary compliance and, if necessary, appropriate legal action) to secure compliance with the conservation plan following written notification from NRCS that (a) there is a substantial, ongoing event or circumstance of non-compliance with the conservation plan, (b) NRCS has worked with the Grantor to

correct such noncompliance, and (c) Grantor has exhausted its appeal rights under applicable NRCS regulations. The landowner shall be liable for any costs incurred by NRCS as a result of landowner's negligence or failure to comply with the easement requirements as it relates to conservation planning violations.

- 9.3. If the NRCS standards and specifications for highly erodible land are revised after the date of this Deed based on an Act of Congress, NRCS will work cooperatively with the Grantor to develop and implement a revised Conservation Plan. The provisions of this section apply to the highly erodible land conservation requirements of the Farm and Ranch Lands Protection Program and are not intended to affect other natural resources conservation requirements to which the Grantor may be or become subject.
- 9.4. For the purpose of this Conservation Easement, references and requirements relating to highly erodible lands do not apply to land over which this Conservation Easement is granted. There are no highly erodible lands on the Protected Property and none have been designated in Whatcom County.

10. RIGHTS CONVEYED TO GRANTEES

To accomplish the purpose of this Easement, the following rights are conveyed to Grantees:

- 10.1. To accomplish the purpose of this Easement and to enforce specific rights and restrictions contained in the Easement Deed.
- 10.2. To enter the land at least once a year, at a mutually agreeable time and upon notice to the Grantor, for the purpose of inspection and monitoring compliance with this Easement.
- 10.3. To enter the land at such other times as necessary if Grantees have reason to believe that a violation of the Easement is occurring or has occurred, for the purpose of mitigating or terminating the violation and otherwise enforcing the provisions of the Easement. Such entry will be with prior notice as is reasonable under the circumstances.
- 10.4. In the event of uses or activities inconsistent with the purpose and provisions of this Easement, the Grantees may obtain damages, an injunction, abatement, rescission, restoration and any other remedies available in law or equity.
- 10.5. Forbearance by the Grantees to exercise any rights under this Easement in the event of a breach shall not be deemed to be a waiver of Grantees' rights under the Easement.

11. NO PUBLIC ACCESS

This Easement provides no right of access to the general public.

12. BASELINE DOCUMENTATION

- 12.1. To establish the present condition of the Protected Property so that Grantees are able to monitor future uses and assure compliance with the terms of this Easement, Grantees will, at their expense, by the date of this Easement prepare Baseline Documentation sufficient to establish the condition of the Protected Property as of the signing of this Easement Deed. The Baseline Documentation may consist of reports, maps, photographs, and other documentation. Grantor and Grantees will execute a statement verifying that the Baseline Documentation accurately represents the condition of the Protected Property as of this time. Baseline Documentation is contained in Exhibit D. The Baseline Documentation will delineate the Farmstead and Agricultural Land as defined below.
- 12.2. The Baseline Documentation will specifically establish the area and extent of the Farmstead, which includes that portion of the Property used for residential buildings and buildings and uses accessory to residential buildings, as well as that portion used for agricultural buildings, structures and improvements and those adjacent areas where future expansion of buildings, structures and improvements are contemplated. In this Easement Deed, the Farmstead is located in the same area as delineated by the baseline data.
- 12.3. The area not included in the Farmstead will be depicted under the category of Agricultural Land. Agricultural Land may include nonfarm areas, such as woodlands, as well as cropland or grazing land.

13. INFORMAL DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Grantor agrees to notify the Trust of any intended action that a reasonable person might believe would violate the terms of this Easement. Should a dispute arise concerning compliance with this Easement, Grantor and the Trust will meet within 15 days to discuss the matter in dispute. By mutual agreement, the Grantor and the Trust may agree to refer the matter in dispute to mediation or arbitration under such rules as the parties may agree. If arbitration is pursued, the prevailing party will be entitled to such relief as may be granted, to a reasonable sum for its costs and expenses related to the arbitration, including fees and expenses of the arbitrator and attorneys. The Trust may, at its discretion, forgo these informal dispute resolution alternatives if continuation of the use or activity in dispute threatens the purpose of this Easement.

14. GRANTEES' REMEDIES

- 14.1. If Grantees determine that the Grantor is in violation of the terms of this Easement or that a violation is threatened, Grantees shall give written notice to the Grantor of such violation and request corrective action sufficient to cure the violation and to restore the Protected Property to its prior condition.
- 14.2. Grantees may institute legal proceedings for injunctive relief, abatement, restoration, or damages, including costs and attorneys' fees reasonably incurred in prosecuting the action, and any other remedies available in law or equity if Grantor:

- 14.2.1. Fails to cure the violation within thirty (30) days after receipt of notice thereof from Grantees;
 - 14.2.2. Under circumstances where the violation cannot reasonably be cured within the thirty (30) day period, fails to begin curing such violation within the thirty (30) day period; or
 - 14.2.3. Fails to continue diligently to cure such violation until finally cured.
- 14.3. In the event Grantees or the United States take legal action to enforce the terms of this Easement, the cost of restoring the Protected Property and Grantees' and the United States' reasonable enforcement expenses, including attorneys' and consultants' fees, shall be borne by the Grantor. In the event Grantees secure redress for an Easement violation without initiating or completing judicial proceedings, the cost of such restoration and reasonable expenses shall be borne by the Grantor. If Grantor ultimately prevails in any judicial proceedings initiated by Grantees or the United States to enforce the terms of this Easement, each party shall bear its own costs.
- 14.4. If Grantees, in their sole discretion, determine that circumstances require immediate action to prevent or mitigate significant damage in violation of this Easement, Grantees may immediately pursue their legal remedies without prior notice to Grantor as set forth in Section 14.1.
- 14.5. Grantees may not recover damages or require restoration for damage to the Protected Property resulting from causes beyond Grantor's control, such as fire, flood, storm, or earth movement that Grantor could not reasonably have anticipated or prevented.

15. RESPONSIBILITY FOR COST AND LIABILITIES

Grantor retains all responsibilities and shall bear all costs and liabilities of any kind related to the ownership, operation, upkeep and maintenance of the Protected Property, including maintenance of adequate liability insurance and payment of all taxes. Grantees assume no affirmative obligations for the management, supervision or control of the Protected Property or any of the activities occurring on the Protected Property. Grantor shall indemnify Grantees and the United States, and hold Grantees and the United States harmless from all damages, costs (including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees and other costs of defense incurred by Grantees), and other expenses of every kind arising from or incident to any claim or action for damages including but not limited to, the release, use or deposit of any hazardous material (as defined in Section 19.12. below) on the Protected Property, injury or loss suffered or alleged to have been suffered on or with respect to the Protected Property.

16. EXTINGUISHMENT AND TRANSFER

- 16.1. The United States Right of Enforcement is a vested property right that cannot be condemned by State or local government. If circumstances arise that render the purpose of this Easement

impossible to accomplish, the Easement can be extinguished only by judicial proceedings and upon approval of the United States. In the event of such an extinguishment or the taking of the Protected Property by the exercise of the power of eminent domain, Grantor shall pay to Whatcom County and the United States in proportion to their contribution to the purchase price. At the time this Deed was recorded the United States contribution was 50 percent and Whatcom County's contribution was 50 percent. In the event this easement is terminated or extinguished, NRCS shall collect the Commodity Credit Corporation's share of the conservation easement based on the appraised fair market value of the conservation easement at the time the easement is extinguished or terminated. The Commodity Credit Corporation's share will be in proportion to its percentage of original investment.

16.2. Grantor agrees to:

16.2.1. Incorporate the terms of this Easement by reference in any deed, lease, executory contract or other legal instrument by which it divest itself, or intends to divest itself, of any permanent or temporary interest in the Protected Property.

16.2.2. Give written notice to the Grantees of the transfer of any interest in the Protected Property no later than 45 days prior to the date of such transfer. Such notice shall include the name, address, and telephone number of the prospective recipient. Failure to provide such notice to the Grantees shall not limit the legal obligations imposed by this Easement on any recipient of an interest in the Protected Property.

16.3. Whatcom Land Trust's rights and interest in this Easement are assignable only to an agency or organization that is approved by the United States and Whatcom County and authorized to hold conservation easements under RCW 64.04.130 or RCW 84.34.250, or otherwise qualified at the time of transfer under Section 170(h) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended. As a condition of such transfer, Grantees shall require that the transferee exercise its rights under the assignment consistent with the purpose of this Easement. Grantees shall notify Grantor and NRCS in writing in advance of such an assignment. The failure of Grantees to give such notice shall not affect the validity of such assignment, nor shall it impair the validity of this Easement or limit its enforceability.

17. AMENDMENT

If circumstances arise under which an amendment to or modification of this Easement would be appropriate, the Parties are free to jointly amend this Easement provided that the Parties first obtain the written consent of each Beneficiary to this Easement. Any such amendment shall be consistent with the Purpose of this Easement, shall not affect the qualification of this Easement or the status of Grantees under any applicable laws, shall not shorten the duration of this Easement and shall be recorded in the official records of Whatcom County, Washington, and any other jurisdiction in which such recording is required.

18. SUBORDINATION

Any mortgage or lien arising after the date of this conservation easement Deed shall be subordinated to the terms of this easement, substantially in the form of the instrument attached hereto as Exhibit E.

19. GENERAL PROVISIONS

19.1. Effective Date. The Effective Date of this Easement shall be the date on which the Grantor executed this Easement.

19.2. Notices. Any notice under this Agricultural Conservation Easement Deed must be in writing and be personally delivered, delivered by recognized overnight courier service, given by mail or via facsimile. E-mail transmission of notice shall not be effective. All notices must be addressed to the parties at the following addresses, or at such other addresses as the parties may from time to time direct in writing:

Grantor: _____

Grantee, Trust: Whatcom Land Trust
PO Box 6131
Bellingham, WA 98227

Grantee, County: Whatcom County PDS
Attn: PDR Program Administrator
5280 Northwest Drive
Bellingham, WA 98226

Third Party Grantee, NRCS: USDA-NRCS
Attn: Easement Programs
11707 E. Sprague Ave, Suite 301
Spokane Valley, WA 99206

Any notice will be deemed to have been given, when personally delivered, and if delivered by courier service, one business day after deposit with the courier service, and if mailed, two business days after deposit in the U.S. mail, and if delivered by facsimile, the same day as verified.

19.3. Controlling Law. The interpretation or performance of this Easement shall be governed by the laws of the State of Washington. Any legal proceeding regarding this Easement shall be initiated in Whatcom County Superior Court.

19.4. Liberal Construction. Any general rule of construction to the contrary notwithstanding, this Easement shall be liberally construed in favor of the grant to affect the purpose of this Easement and the policy and purpose of RCW 64.04.130 and Chapter 84.34 RCW and Whatcom County Ordinance 2002-054. If any provision in this instrument is found to be

ambiguous, an interpretation consistent with the purpose of this Easement that would render that provision valid shall be favored over an interpretation that would render it invalid.

- 19.5. Severability. If any provision of this Easement, or its application to any person or circumstance, is found to be invalid, the remainder of the Easement, or its application of such provision to persons or circumstances other than those to which it is found to be invalid, as the case may be, shall not be affected.
- 19.6. Entire Agreement. This instrument sets forth the entire agreement of the parties with respect to the Protected Property and supersedes all prior discussions, negotiations, understandings, or agreements relating to the Property, all of which are merged into this Easement.
- 19.7. No Forfeiture. Nothing contained in this Easement will result in a forfeiture or revision of Grantor's title in any respect.
- 19.8. Warranty of Good Title. Grantor warrants that Grantor has good title to the Protected Property; that the Grantor has the right to convey this conservation easement; and that the Protected Property is free and clear of any encumbrances other than those listed below.
- 19.9. Grantor-Grantees. The terms "Grantors" and "Grantees," wherever used in this Easement, and any pronouns used in their place, shall be held to mean and include respectively the above named Grantor, its, successors, and assigns, and the above-named Grantees, their successors and assigns.
- 19.10. Successors and Assigns. The covenants, terms, conditions, and restrictions of this Easement shall be binding upon, and inure to the benefit of, the parties to this Easement and their respective, successors, and assigns, and shall continue as a servitude running in perpetuity with the Protected Property.
- 19.11. Federal Enforcement. In the event that the Grantees fail to enforce the terms of this Easement as determined in the sole discretion of the Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture ("Secretary"), the Secretary, his or her successors and assigns shall have the right to enforce the terms of the Easement through any and all authorities available under Federal or State law. In the event that Grantees attempt to terminate, transfer or otherwise divest themselves of rights, title or interest in the Easement or extinguish the Easement without prior consent of the Secretary, all right, title, or interest in this Easement shall become vested in the United States of America. The United States shall be entitled to recover any and all administrative and legal costs from the County Grantee, including attorney fees or expenses, associated with any enforcement or remedial action as it relates to the ACEP.
- 19.12. General Indemnification. Grantor shall indemnify and hold harmless Grantees and the United States, their employees, agents and assigns for any and all liabilities, claims, demands, losses, expenses, damages, fines, fees, penalties, suits, proceedings, actions and costs of actions, sanctions asserted by or on behalf of any person or governmental authority, and other liabilities (whether legal or equitable in nature and including, without limitation, court costs, and reasonable attorney's fees and attorney's fees on appeal) to which Grantees may be subject or incur relating to the Protected Property, which may arise from, but is not limited to,

Grantor's negligent acts or omissions or Grantor's breach of any representation, warranty, covenant, agreements contained in this Conservation Easement Deed, or violations of any Federal, State, or local laws, including all Environmental Laws.

19.13. Environmental Warranty. Grantor warrants that it is in compliance with, and shall remain in compliance with, all applicable Environmental Laws. Grantor warrants that there are no notices by any governmental authority of any violation or alleged violation of, non-compliance or alleged non-compliance with or any liability under any Environmental Law relating to the operations or conditions of the Protected Property. Grantor further warrants that it has no actual knowledge of a release or threatened release of Hazardous Materials, as such substances and wastes are defined by applicable federal and state law.

19.13.1. Moreover, Grantor hereby promises to hold harmless and indemnify the Grantees against all litigation, claims, demands, penalties and damages, including reasonable attorneys' fees, arising from or connected with the release or threatened release of any Hazardous Materials on, at, beneath or from the Protected Property, or arising from or connected with a violation of any Environmental Laws by Grantor or any other prior owner of the Protected Property. Grantor's indemnification obligation shall not be affected by any authorizations provided by the Trust, the County, or the United States to Grantor with respect to the Protected Property or any restoration activities carried out by the Trust or the County at the Protected Property; provided, however, that Grantee shall be responsible for any Hazardous Materials contributed after this date to the Protected Property by Trust or the County.

19.13.2. "Environmental Law" or "Environmental Laws" means any and all Federal, state, local or municipal laws, rules, orders, regulations, statutes, ordinances, codes, guidelines, policies or requirements of any governmental authority regulating or imposing standards of liability or standards of conduct (including common law) concerning air, water, solid waste, hazardous materials, worker and community right-to-know, hazard communication, noise, radioactive material, resource protection, subdivision, inland wetlands and watercourses, health protection and similar environmental health, safety, building and land use as may now or at any time hereafter be in effect.

19.13.3. "Hazardous Materials" means any petroleum, petroleum products, fuel oil, waste oils, explosives, reactive materials, ignitable materials, corrosive materials, hazardous chemicals, hazardous wastes, hazardous substances, extremely hazardous substances, toxic substances, toxic chemicals, radioactive materials, infectious materials and any other element, compound, mixture, solution or substance which may pose a present or potential hazard to human health or the environment.

19.14. Recordation. Grantees shall record this instrument in a timely fashion in the official records of Whatcom County, Washington, and in any other appropriate jurisdictions, and may re-record it at any time as may be required to preserve its rights in this Easement.

19.15. No Merger. In the event that Grantees acquire all or a portion of the fee title to the Protected Property, it is the intent of the Parties that no merger of title shall take place that would merge

the restrictions of this Easement with fee title to the Protected Property and thereby eliminate them, and that the restrictions on the use of the Protected Property, as embodied in the Easement, shall, in the event that all or a portion of title become vested in Grantees, become and remain permanent and perpetual restrictions on the use of the Protected Property. Grantees covenant to do what is required to prevent merger of title, including, if necessary, assignment of the Easement to an appropriate third party.

19.15.1. In the event that either Grantee takes legal title to Grantor's interest in the Protected Property, that Grantee shall commit the monitoring and enforcement of the Conservation Easement to another qualified organization within the meaning of section 170 (h)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code (1986) as amended, which organization has among its purposes the conservation and preservation of land and water areas.

20. RCPP MINIMUM DEED TERMS

This Conservation Easement is acquired with funds provided, in part, under the Regional Conservation Partnership Program (RCPP) (16 U.S.C. Section 3871 et seq. and 7 CFR part 1464). The Exhibit F is attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference and will run with the land in perpetuity. As required by the RCPP, and as a condition of receiving RCPP funds, all present and future use of the Protected Property identified in Exhibit A (legal description) is and will remain subject to the terms and conditions described forthwith in this Addendum entitled RCPP Minimum Deed Terms in Exhibit F that is appended to and made a part of this easement deed. The rights of the United States acquired under this Conservation Easement shall be unaffected by any subsequent amendments or repeal of the RCPP.

21. SCHEDULE OF EXHIBITS

- 21.1. Exhibit A. Legal Description
- 21.2. Exhibit B. Site Map
- 21.3. Exhibit C. Ordinance
- 21.4. Exhibit D. Baseline Documentation
- 21.5. Exhibit E. Subordination Agreement Example
- 21.6. Exhibit F. RCPP Minimum Deed Terms

TO HAVE AND TO HOLD unto Grantees and the State of Washington, and their successors, and assigns forever.

REMAINDER OF PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY BLANK; SIGNATURE PAGES FOLLOW

WHATCOM COUNTY does hereby accept the above Agricultural Conservation Easement Deed.

Dated: _____

Grantee

By _____

Satpal Sidhu, County Executive

Approved as to Legal Form:

By _____

Senior Civil Deputy Prosecuting Attny

STATE OF WASHINGTON)
) ss.
COUNTY OF WHATCOM)

I certify that I know or have satisfactory evidence that _____ is the person who appeared before me, and said person acknowledged that they signed this instrument, on oath stated that they were authorized to execute the instrument and acknowledged it as the _____ of _____ to be the free and voluntary act of such party for the uses and purposes mentioned in the instrument.

Dated: _____



(Use this space for notarial stamp/seal)

Notary Public
Print Name _____
My commission expires _____

The WHATCOM LAND TRUST, a Washington nonprofit corporation, does hereby accept the above Agricultural Conservation Easement Deed.

Dated: _____

By _____

Its _____

STATE OF WASHINGTON)
) ss.
COUNTY OF WHATCOM)

I certify that I know or have satisfactory evidence that _____ is the person who appeared before me, and said person acknowledged that they signed this instrument, on oath stated that they were authorized to execute the instrument and acknowledged it as the _____ of _____ to be the free and voluntary act of such party for the uses and purposes mentioned in the instrument.

Dated: _____



(Use this space for notarial stamp/seal)

Notary Public
Print Name _____
My commission expires _____

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, BY AND THROUGH THE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE, Third Party Beneficiary, does hereby accept the above Grant Deed of Agricultural Conservation Easement.

Dated: _____

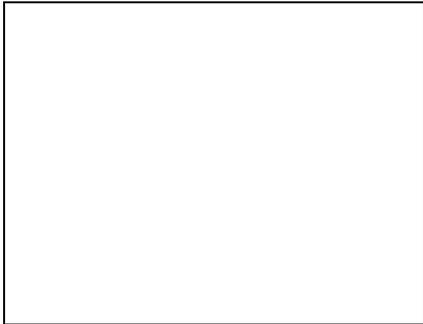
By _____

Its _____

STATE OF WASHINGTON)
) ss.
COUNTY OF THURSTON)

I certify that I know or have satisfactory evidence that _____ is the person who appeared before me, and said person acknowledged that they signed this instrument, on oath stated that they were authorized to execute the instrument and acknowledged it as the _____ of _____ to be the free and voluntary act of such party for the uses and purposes mentioned in the instrument.

Dated: _____



(Use this space for notarial stamp/seal)

Notary Public
Print Name _____
My commission expires _____

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EXHIBIT A
Legal Description

APN/Parcel ID: _____

Exhibit B
Site Map

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EXHIBIT C
Ordinance

SPONSORED BY: Planning

PROPOSED BY: Planning

INTRODUCTION DATE: 8/13/02

ORDINANCE NO. 2002-054

**ESTABLISHING AN AGRICULTURAL PURCHASE OF DEVELOPMENT RIGHTS
PROGRAM AND OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE**

WHEREAS, Whatcom County government recognizes agriculture as a major contributor to the local economy and a high quality of life for Whatcom County citizens; and

WHEREAS, The Growth Management Act and the County Comprehensive Plan support the retention of agricultural lands of long term commercial significance and encourage the use of innovative techniques to do so; and

WHEREAS, Ordinance #92-002 enacted a property tax levy known as the Conservation Futures Tax as authorized by RCW 84.34.230 to provide a funding source to assist in acquiring open space, wetlands, farm and agricultural land , and timber land; and

WHEREAS, Resolution # 2001-049 authorized the creation of a Purchase of Development Rights Steering Committee with the charge to develop a PDR program for Whatcom County by April 30, 2002 and authorized the County Executive to expend up to \$30,000 for outside contract assistance in preparing the PDR program; and

WHEREAS, Resolution #2001-049 also committed the Council to expend a fair and significant share of the Conservation Futures Funds for acquiring interest in agricultural lands; and

WHEREAS, The Purchase of Development Rights Steering Committee met regularly from October 2001 through April 2002 and forwarded a recommendation in May of 2002; and

WHEREAS, Council reviewed the Purchase of Development recommendation from the PDR Steering Committee and requested PDS staff to develop a Purchase of Development Rights Ordinance; and

WHEREAS, Council held a public hearing on September 10, 2002 to take public comment on the Agricultural Purchase of Development Rights program.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Whatcom County Council that :

1. The Agricultural Purchase of Development Rights program is adopted as attached in Exhibit 1.

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2. Adjudication of invalidity of any of the sections, clauses, or provisions of this ordinance shall not affect or impair the validity of the ordinance as a whole or any part thereof other than the part so declared to be invalid.

ADOPTED this 10 day of September, 2002.

ATTEST:

**WHATCOM COUNTY COUNCIL
WHATCOM COUNTY, WASHINGTON**

Dana Brown-Davis,
Clerk of the Council

Ward Nelson, Council Chair

APPROVED as to form

Approved Denied

Karen N. Frakes, Civil Deputy Prosecutor

Pete Kremen, Executive

Date: _____

EXHIBIT D
Baseline Documentation

The Baseline Documentation for the _____ Agricultural Conservation Easement is kept by the Whatcom Land Trust at 412 N Commercial, Bellingham WA 98225. The remainder of this page is intentionally blank.

EXHIBIT E
Subordination Agreement Example

When recorded return to:

Grantor: _____

Grantee: _____

Legal Description

Abbreviated form: _____

Additional legal at Exhibit B.

Assessor's Tax Parcel Number: _____

Reference number(s) of related/assigned/released documents: _____

Reference(s) to document(s) appears on page(s) _____

SUBORDINATION AGREEMENT

NOTICE: THIS SUBORDINATION AGREEMENT RESULTS IN YOUR SECURITY INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY BECOMING SUBJECT TO AND OF LOWER PRIORITY THAN THE LIEN OF SOME OTHER OR LATER INSTRUMENT.

The undersigned subordinator agrees as follows:

1. _____ ("Subordinator") is the owner and holder of a mortgage dated _____, which was recorded under Auditor's File No. _____, records of _____ County;

2. _____ ("Easement Holder") is the holder of a conservation easement dated _____, 20__, executed by [("Owner") or ("Owners")] (as hereinafter defined) which will be recorded concurrently with this Subordination Agreement;

3. _____, [*husband and wife,*] [("*Owner*") **or** ("*Owners*")] [*is the owner or are the owners*] of all the real property described in the conservation easement identified above in Paragraph 2.
4. In consideration of benefits to Subordinator from [("*Owner*") **or** ("*Owners*")], receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, the Subordinator does hereby unconditionally subordinate the lien of the mortgage identified above in Paragraph 1 to the conservation easement identified above in Paragraph 2.
5. This Agreement shall be the whole and only agreement between the parties hereto with regard to the subordination of the lien or charge of the mortgage first above mentioned to the conservation easement in favor of Easement Holder above referred to and shall supersede and cancel any prior agreements as to such, or any subordination including, but not limited to, those provisions, if any, contained in the mortgage first above mentioned, which provided for the subordination of the lien or charge thereof to a mortgage to be thereafter executed.
6. The heirs, administrators, assigns and successors in interest of the Subordinator shall be bound by this agreement. Where the word mortgage appears herein it shall also be considered as deed of trust, and gender and number of pronouns considered to conform to undersigned.

Executed this _____ day of _____, 20__.

SUBORDINATOR

SUBORDINATOR

(Name)

(Name)

STATE OF WASHINGTON)
) ss.
COUNTY OF _____)

I certify that I know or have satisfactory evidence that _____
is the person who appeared before me, and said person acknowledged that they signed this instrument, on
oath stated that they were authorized to execute the instrument and acknowledged it as the
_____ of _____ to be the free and
voluntary act of such party for the uses and purposes mentioned in the instrument.

Dated: _____



(Use this space for notarial stamp/seal)

Notary Public
Print Name _____
My commission expires _____

EXHIBIT F
RCCP Minimum Deed Terms

The Regional Conservation Partnership Program (16 U.S.C. Section 3871 et seq.), facilitated and provided funding for the purchase of a Conservation Easement (“Conservation Easement”) on real property described in Exhibit A, hereafter referred to as the “Protected Property,” to further the restoration, protection, enhancement, management, maintenance, and monitoring of agricultural values on the Protected Property (the “Conservation Values”).

The _____ (collectively “Grantor”), the **Whatcom Land Trust** (“Trust”), and **Whatcom County, Washington** (“County”) (“collectively, Grantees”), and the **United States of America** (the “United States”) and its assigns, acting by and through the United States Department of Agriculture (“USDA”) Natural Resources Conservation Service (“NRCS”) on behalf of the Commodity Credit Corporation (“CCC”) (jointly referred to as the “Parties”) acknowledge that the Conservation Easement is acquired by the Grantee for the purpose of the restoration, protection, enhancement, management, maintenance, and monitoring of the Conservation Values (the “purposes of the Conservation Easement”). Decision making on behalf of NRCS is delegated to the Chief of NRCS or authorized designee (hereafter referred to as “Chief of NRCS”). Baseline conditions of the Protected Property are set forth in a Baseline Documentation Report, a copy of which is maintained in the files of the Trust.

In order to ensure compliance with the Regional Conservation Partnership Program, 16 U.S.C. Section 3871 et. seq. and 7 CFR part 1464, the following rule of interpretation will govern any and all inconsistencies between this Exhibit and other provisions of the Conservation Easement. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Conservation Easement, the Parties agree that all present and future use of the Protected Property is and will remain subject to all of the following terms and conditions identified in Sections I and II. If the terms and conditions in Sections I and II are inconsistent with terms and conditions in other sections of the Conservation Easement, Sections I and II will control; however, if other sections of the Conservation Easement have terms and conditions that are consistent with, but more restrictive to the rights of the Grantor than the terms and conditions in Section I, Paragraphs 1, 2, and 4, those more restrictive terms and conditions will control. If other sections of the Conservation Easement are more restrictive to the rights of the Grantor than Section I, Paragraph 3 and Section II, then Section I, Paragraph 3 and Section II will control.

SECTION I - MINIMUM CONSERVATION DEED RESTRICTIONS

Even if the Protected Property consists of more than one parcel for real estate tax or any other purpose or if it was acquired previously as separate parcels, it will be considered one parcel for purposes of the Conservation Easement, and the restrictions and covenants of this Conservation Easement will apply to the Protected Property as a whole.

The terms and conditions of the Conservation Easement run with the land and are binding upon the Grantor and Grantee and their respective heirs, successors, agents, assigns, lessees, and any other person claiming under them must comply with all terms and conditions of this easement, including the following:

1. Limitation on Impervious Surfaces. Impervious surfaces will not exceed 2 percent of the Protected Property, excluding NRCS-approved conservation practices. Impervious surfaces are defined as material that does not allow water to percolate into the soil on the Protected Property, including, but not limited to, buildings with or without flooring, paved areas, and any other surfaces that are covered by asphalt, concrete, or roofs. This limitation does not include public roads or other roads owned and controlled by parties with rights superior to those rights conveyed to Grantee by this Conservation Easement.

2. Limitations on Uses. Any uses or activities that are inconsistent with the purposes of the Conservation Easement are prohibited. The following activities are inconsistent with the purposes of the Conservation Easement and are specifically prohibited, subject to the qualifications stated below:

(A) *Subdivision* – Separate conveyance of a portion of the Protected Property or division or subdivision of the Protected Property is prohibited.

(B) *Industrial or Commercial Uses* – Industrial or commercial activities on the Protected Property are prohibited except for the following:

(i) Uses consistent with the purposes of the Conservation Easement;

(ii) The sale of excess power generated in the operation of renewable energy structures and associated equipment or other energy structures that Grantee approves in writing as being consistent with the purposes of the Conservation Easement;

(iii) Temporary or seasonal outdoor activities or events that do not harm the Conservation Values;

(iv) Commercial enterprises related to agriculture or forestry including but not limited to agritourism, processing, packaging, and marketing of farm or forest products, farm machinery repair, and farm wineries.; and

(v) Small-scale commercial enterprises compatible with agriculture or forestry, including but not limited to cafés, shops, and studios for arts or crafts.

(C) *Construction on the Protected Property* – Except as otherwise permitted in this **Section I, Paragraph 2(C)**, all structures and improvements must be located within the Building Envelope(s), containing approximately ____ total acres and described or shown in Exhibit B, which is appended to and made a part of this Conservation Easement.

The identified boundaries and locations of the approved Building Envelope(s) may be adjusted only with prior written approval from the Grantee and the Chief of NRCS. The adjusted Building Envelope(s) may not be larger than the approved Building Envelope(s) and must provide equal or greater protection of the Conservation Values. Following receipt of written approval to adjust identified Building Envelope(s), the Grantor and Grantee shall amend this Conservation Easement to add an exhibit that describes the subsequently approved boundaries and locations of the Building Envelope(s).

Agricultural structures and utilities to serve approved buildings or structures, including on-farm energy structures allowed under **Section I, Paragraph 2(B)(ii)** and in this **Section I, Paragraph 2(C)**, that neither individually nor collectively have an adverse impact on the Conservation Values, may be located outside of the Building Envelope(s) with prior written approval of the Grantee.

New roads may be constructed if they are approved in advance by Grantee, within impervious surface limits, and necessary to carry out the agricultural operations or other allowed uses on the Protected Property.

Maintenance of existing roads documented on the Baseline Documentation Report is allowed; however, existing roads may not be widened or improved unless widening and improving is within impervious surface limits, approved in advance by Grantee, and necessary to carry out the agricultural operations or other allowed uses on the Protected Property.

Fences may be maintained and replaced, and new fences installed if they are necessary for agricultural operations or other allowed uses on the Protected Property or to mark boundaries of the Protected Property. Maintenance, replacement, and installation of fences must be conducted in a manner consistent with the purposes of the Conservation Easement.

(D) Granting of Easements for Utilities and Roads – The granting or modification of easements for utilities and roads is prohibited when the utility or road will adversely impact the Conservation Values as determined by the Grantee in consultation with the Chief of NRCS.

(E) Surface Alteration – Grading, blasting, filling, sod farming, earth removal, or any other activity that will disturb the soil surface or materially alter the topography, surface or subsurface water systems, or wetlands of the Protected Property is prohibited, except as follows:

(i) Dam construction pursuant to a plan approved by the Grantee to create ponds for agricultural use, fire protection, or wildlife enhancement, including enhancement through wetland restoration, enhancement or creation;

(ii) Erosion and sediment control pursuant to a plan approved by the Grantee;

(iii) Soil disturbance activities required in the maintenance or construction of approved buildings, structures, roads, and utilities provided that the required alteration has been approved in writing by Grantee as being consistent with the purposes of the Conservation Easement; and

(iv) Agricultural activities and related conservation activities conducted in accordance with this Conservation Easement and the RCPP Easement Plan as described in Section I, paragraph 4.

(F) Surface and Subsurface Mineral Exploration and Extraction –

Mining or extraction of soil, sand, gravel, oil, natural gas, fuel, coal, or any other mineral substance owned by Grantor as of the date of this Conservation Easement or later acquired by Grantor, using any surface mining, subsurface mining, or dredging method, from the Protected Property is prohibited except as otherwise provided in this Paragraph (F).

If a third party owns or leases the oil, natural gas, or any other mineral rights associated with the Protected Property prior to the time this Conservation Easement is executed, and their interests have not been subordinated to this Conservation Easement, the Grantor must require, to the greatest extent possible, that any oil, natural gas, and mineral exploration and extraction conducted by such third party is conducted in accordance with this Paragraph (F). Any mineral leases or other conveyances of minerals entered into or renewed after the date of this Conservation Easement are subordinate to the terms of this Conservation Easement and must incorporate by reference this Conservation Easement.

Limited mining activities for materials (e.g., sand, gravel, or shale) used to facilitate the agricultural operations on the Protected Property are allowed where the extraction of such materials is limited, localized, and small with a defined area and acreage approved prior to extraction by the Grantee, not to exceed two acres, and does not harm the Conservation Values.

Subsurface mineral development on the Protected Property is allowed in accordance with this Paragraph (F), if approved by Grantee and Chief of NRCS. Grantee and Grantor must demonstrate prior to the initiation of mineral development activity that such subsurface mineral development shall—

- (i)* Be conducted in accordance with applicable State law;
- (ii)* Have a limited and localized impact;
- (iii)* Not harm the Conservation Values;
- (iv)* Not materially alter or affect the existing topography, as determined by Grantee and the Chief of NRCS;
- (v)* Comply with a subsurface mineral development plan that includes a plan for the remediation of impacts to the Conservation Values, which includes reclaiming and restoring all areas of the Protected Property that are impacted by the subsurface mineral development and such plan is approved by Grantee and the Chief of NRCS prior to the initiation of mineral development activity;
- (vi)* Not be accomplished by any surface-mining method;
- (vii)* Be within the impervious surface limits described in Section I, Paragraph 1; and
- (viii)* Use practices and technologies that minimize the duration and intensity

of impacts to the Conservation Values.

All areas of the Protected Property that are impacted by subsurface mineral development pursuant to this section must be reclaimed and restored within a reasonable time, as determined by the Grantee and Chief of NRCS, at cessation of subsurface mineral development activities.

Impervious surfaces, as defined in Section I, Paragraph 1, include any surface disturbance or impervious surfaces associated with subsurface mineral development allowed by this paragraph.

3. Allowed Uses. The provisions of this Conservation Easement and associated exhibits will not be interpreted to restrict the types of agricultural operations that can function on the Protected Property, so long as the agricultural operations are consistent with the long-term viability of the Protected Property and the purposes of the Conservation Easement. No uses will be allowed that violate Federal laws, including Federal drug laws or that decrease the Conservation Easement's protection for the Conservation Values. Allowed uses of the Protected Property include the specific uses allowed in Section I, Paragraph (2)(B) (i)-(v) and the following activities, subject to the qualifications stated below:

(A) *Agricultural Production* – The production, processing, and marketing of agricultural crops, livestock, and forest products is allowed provided it is conducted in a manner consistent with the terms of the Conservation Easement and the RCPP Easement Plan described in Section I, Paragraph 4.

(B) *On-Farm Energy Production* – Renewable energy production is allowed for the purpose of generating energy for the agricultural and residential needs of the Protected Property. Renewable energy sources must be built and maintained within impervious surface limits and consistent with the purposes of the Conservation Easement.

4. RCPP Easement Plan. The Grantee shall prepare an RCPP Easement Plan in consultation with the Grantor and, as needed, the Chief of NRCS. The Grantee agrees to update the RCPP Easement Plan, in consultation with the Grantor and as needed, the Chief of NRCS, in the event the uses or ownership of the Protected Property change. A copy of the current RCPP Easement Plan is kept on file with the Grantee.

The RCPP Easement Plan shall describe the farm or ranch management system, describe the natural resource concerns on the Protected Property, describe the conservation measures and practices that may be implemented to address the identified resource concerns, promote the long-term viability of the land to meet the purposes of the Conservation Easement, and identify, as applicable, permissible and prohibited activities and any associated restoration plans.

SECTION II – PROTECTION OF THE UNITED STATES’ INTERESTS AND EASEMENT ENFORCEMENT

1. General Disclaimer and Grantor Warranty. The United States, its employees, agents, and assigns disclaim and will not be held responsible for Grantee’s or Grantor’s negligent acts or omissions or Grantee’s or Grantor’s breach of any representation, warranty, covenant, or agreements contained in this Conservation Easement Deed, or violations of any Federal, State, or local laws, including all Environmental Laws (defined below) including, without limitation, those that give rise to liabilities, claims, demands, losses, expenses, damages, fines, fees, penalties, suits, proceedings, actions, costs of actions, or sanctions asserted by or on behalf of any person or governmental authority, and other liabilities (whether legal or equitable in nature and including, without limitation, court costs, and reasonable attorneys’ fees and attorneys’ fees on appeal) to which the United States may be subject or incur relating to the Protected Property.

Grantor must indemnify and hold harmless the United States, its employees, agents, and assigns for any and all liabilities, claims, demands, losses, expenses, damages, fines, fees, penalties, suits, proceedings, actions and costs of actions, sanctions asserted by or on behalf of any person or governmental authority, and other liabilities (whether legal or equitable in nature and including, without limitation, court costs, and reasonable attorneys’ fees and attorneys’ fees on appeal) to which United States may be subject or incur relating to the Protected Property, which may arise from, but are not limited to, Grantor’s negligent acts, omissions, or breach of any representation, warranty, covenant, agreements contained in this Conservation Easement Deed or violations of any Federal, State, or local laws, including all Environmental Laws.

2. Environmental Warranty. Grantor warrants that it is in compliance with, and will remain in compliance with, all applicable Environmental Laws. Grantor warrants that there are no notices by any governmental authority of any violation or alleged violation of, noncompliance or alleged noncompliance with, or any liability under, any Environmental Law relating to the operations or conditions of the Protected Property. Grantor further warrants that it has no actual knowledge of an undisclosed release or threatened release of Hazardous Materials (defined below), as such substances and wastes are defined by applicable Federal and State law.

Furthermore, Grantor warrants the information disclosed to Grantee and United States regarding any past violations or noncompliance with Environmental Laws and associated remedial actions, or any past releases of Hazardous Materials and any associated remedial actions is complete and accurate.

Moreover, Grantor hereby promises to hold harmless and indemnify Grantee and the United States against all litigation, claims, demands, penalties and damages, including reasonable attorneys’ fees, arising from or connected with the release or threatened release of any hazardous materials on, at, beneath or from the Protected Property, or arising from or

connected with a violation of any Environmental Laws by Grantor or any other prior owner of the Protected Property. Grantor's indemnification obligation will not be affected by any authorizations provided by Grantee or the United States to Grantor with respect to the Protected Property or any restoration activities carried out by Grantee on the Protected Property; provided, however, that Grantee will be responsible for any Hazardous Materials contributed after this date to the Protected Property by Grantee.

"Environmental Law" or "Environmental Laws" means any and all Federal, State, local or municipal laws, rules, orders, regulations, statutes, ordinances, codes, guidelines, policies, or requirements of any governmental authority regulating or imposing standards of liability or standards of conduct (including common law) concerning air, water, solid waste, hazardous materials, worker and community right-to-know, hazard communication, noise, radioactive material, resource protection, subdivision, inland wetlands and watercourses, health protection, and similar environmental health, safety, building, and land use as may now or at any time hereafter be in effect.

"Hazardous Materials" means any petroleum, petroleum products, fuel oil, waste oils, explosives, reactive materials, ignitable materials, corrosive materials, hazardous chemicals, hazardous wastes, hazardous substances, extremely hazardous substances, toxic substances, toxic chemicals, radioactive materials, infectious materials, and any other element, compound, mixture, solution, or substance that may pose a present or potential hazard to human health or the environment.

3. Extinguishment, Termination, and Condemnation. The interests and rights under this Conservation Easement may only be extinguished or terminated with written approval of the Grantee and the United States. Due to the Federal interest in this Conservation Easement, any proposed extinguishment, termination, or condemnation action that may affect the United States' interest in the Protected Property must be reviewed and approved by the United States.

With respect to a proposed extinguishment, termination, or condemnation action, the Grantee and the United States stipulate that the fair market value of the Conservation Easement is percent, hereinafter the "Proportionate Share," of the fair market value of the land unencumbered by this Conservation Easement. The Proportionate Share will remain constant over time.

If this Conservation Easement is extinguished, terminated, or condemned, in whole or in part, then the Grantor must reimburse Grantee and the United States an amount equal to the Proportionate Share of the fair market value of the land unencumbered by this Conservation Easement. The fair market value will be determined at the time all or a part of this Conservation Easement is terminated, extinguished, or condemned by an appraisal that meets the Uniform Standards of Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP) or Uniform Acquisition Standards or Federal Land Acquisition (UASFLA). The appraisal must be completed by a certified general appraiser and be approved by the Grantee and the United States.

The allocation of the Proportionate Share between the Grantee and the United States will be as follows: (a) to the Grantee or its designee, 50 percent of the Proportionate Share; and (b) to the United States 50 percent of the Proportionate Share. Until such time as the Grantee and the United States receive the Proportionate Share from the Grantor or the Grantor's successor or assign, the Grantee and the United States each have a lien against the Protected Property for the amount of the Proportionate Share due each of them. If proceeds from termination, extinguishment, or condemnation are paid directly to Grantee, the Grantee must reimburse the United States for the amount of the Proportionate Share due to the United States.

4. Amendment. This Conservation Easement may be amended only if, in the sole and exclusive judgment of the Grantee and United States, by and through the Chief of NRCS, such amendment is consistent with the purposes of the Conservation Easement and complies with all applicable laws, regulations, and program policy. The Grantee must provide timely written notice to the Chief of NRCS of any proposed amendments. Prior to the signing and recordation of the amended Conservation Easement, such amendments must be mutually agreed upon by the Grantee, Grantor, and United States, by and through the Chief of NRCS. Any purported amendment that is recorded without the prior approval of the United States is null and void.

5. United States Right of Enforcement. In consideration of the RCPP funds received for the acquisition of this Conservation Easement, the United States is also granted this right of enforcement that it may exercise only if the terms of the Conservation Easement are not enforced by the holder of the Conservation Easement. The Secretary of the United States Department of Agriculture (the Secretary) or the Secretary's assigns, on behalf of the United States, may exercise this right of enforcement under any authority available under State or Federal law if the Grantee, or its successors or assigns, fails to enforce any of the terms **of this Conservation Easement, as determined in the sole discretion of the Secretary.**

In the event the United States exercises this right of enforcement, it is entitled to recover any and all administrative and legal costs associated with any enforcement or remedial action related to the enforcement of this Easement from the Grantor, including, but not limited to, attorney's fees and expenses related to Grantor's violations. In the event the United States exercises this right of enforcement, it is entitled to recover any and all administrative and legal costs associated with any enforcement of this Easement from the Grantee, including, but not limited to, attorney's fees and expenses related to Grantee's violations or failure to enforce the easement against the Grantor up to the amount of the United States contribution to the purchase of the Conservation Easement.

The Grantee will annually monitor compliance and provide the United States with an annual monitoring report that documents that the Grantee and Grantor are in compliance with the Conservation Easement. If the annual monitoring report is insufficient or is not provided annually, or if the United States has a reasonable and articulable belief of an unaddressed violation, as determined by the Secretary, the United States may exercise its right of inspection. For purposes of inspection and enforcement of the Conservation Easement, the United States will have reasonable access to the Protected Property. Prior to its inspection of

the Protected Property, the United States shall provide advance notice to Grantee and Grantor and provide Grantee and Grantor a reasonable opportunity to participate in the inspection.

In the event of an emergency, the United States may enter the Protected Property to prevent, terminate, or mitigate a potential or unaddressed violation of this Conservation Easement and will give notice to Grantee and Grantor at the earliest practicable time.