INTRODUCTION DATE:9-29- INTRODUCTION DATE:9-29- ORDINANCE NO ORDINANCE NO AMENDMENT TO WHATCOM COUNTY CODE 16.30 LAKE WHATCOM STORMWATER UTILITY SERVICE AREA REGARDING	
ORDINANCE NO. 2020- AMENDMENT TO WHATCOM COUNTY CODE 16.30	
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THE PARTY OF THE P	
9 CLARIFICATION OF REQUIREMENTS OF CAPITAL FACILITES CHARGES	
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11 12 WHEREAS, RCW 36.89.080 authorizes a charge for the furnishing of	
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runoff; and,	
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adopted with Ordinance 2017-076 to include the entire unincorporated Lake Whatco	m
19 watershed; and,	
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WHEREAS, on July 23, 2019 the Council adopted ordinance 2019-05	3
authorizing for the furnishing of service to those who are receiving or will receive	
benefits from stormwater control facilities or programs and who are contributing to ar	1
increase in surface water runoff in the Lake Whatcom Stormwater Utility Service Are	a;
25 and,	
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WHEREAS, the Council put implementing WCC section 16.30.120	
Capital Facilities Charge on hold until January 1, 2021 to provide staff time to modify	the
original language and establish an internal process for processing CFCs; and,	
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31 WHEREAS, staff have completed the proposed modifications to the	
existing language and have established an internal process for CFCs.	
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CHAPTER 16.30 LAKE WHATCOM STORMWATER UTILITY SERVICE AREA

16.30.050 Definitions

For the purposes of this Chapter, the words or phrases below shall have the following meanings:

- (1) "County" means Whatcom County, or as indicated by the context, may mean the Department of Public Works, Public Works Director, County Engineer, or other employee or agent representing the County in the discharge of his or her duties.
- (2) "County Council" means the Whatcom County Council, which is the legislative branch of Whatcom County government.
- (3) "County roads" means public rights-of-way, excluding State roads, in the unincorporated areas served by the LWSU.
- (4) "Developed parcel" means a parcel of real property which has been altered by impervious surface coverage.
- (5) "Enterprise fund" means a fund established to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. As such, enterprise funds must report actual financial position and results of operations, such as actual assets, liabilities, fund equity balances, revenues, expenditures, and expenses.
- (6) "Equivalent service unit" (ESU) means a configuration of impervious surface estimated to contribute an amount of runoff to the County's stormwater management system which is approximately equal to that created by the average single-family residential developed parcel in the service area. the amount of runoff a development contributes to the County's municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4) as defined by square footage of impervious surface or approximately equal to the impervious surface created by the average single-family residential developed parcel as recommended by the Western Washington Stormwater Management Manual for runoff modeling.
- (7) "Forestland" or "Timberland" means forestland or timberland parcels on lands taxed as forestland under chapter 84.33 RCW or as timberland under chapter 84.34 RCW (including forest roads and or any roads on

lands taxed as forestland under chapter 84.33 RCW or as timberland under chapter 84.34 RCW).

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- "Impervious surface" means hard surfaced areas which prevent or retard (8) the entry of water into the soil mantle and/or cause water to run off the surface in greater quantities or at an increased rate of flow than under natural conditions. Common impervious surfaces include, but are not limited to: rooftops, concrete or asphalt roads, sidewalks and paving, walkways, patio areas, driveways, parking lots or storage areas and gravel, hard-packed dirt, oiled or other surfaces which similarly impede the natural infiltration of surface water or runoff patterns existent prior to development. A non-vegetated surface area which either prevents or retards the entry of water into the soil mantle as under natural conditions prior to development. A non-vegetated surface area which causes water to run off the surface in greater quantities or at an increased rate of flow from the flow present under natural conditions prior to development. Common impervious surfaces include, but are not limited to, roof tops, walkways, patios, driveways, parking lots or storage areas, concrete or asphalt paving, gravel roads, packed earthen materials, and oiled, macadam or other surfaces which similarly impede the natural infiltration of stormwater. Open, uncovered retention/detention facilities shall not be considered as impervious surfaces for the purposes of determining whether the thresholds for application of Minimum Requirements are exceeded. Open, uncovered retention/detention facilities shall be considered impervious surfaces for purposes of runoff modeling.
- (9) "Manager" means the Public Works Director or his/her designee.
- (10) "Municipal separate storm sewer system (MS4)" means a conveyance or system of conveyances (including roads with drainage systems, municipal streets, catch basins, curbs, gutters, ditches, manmade channels, or storm drains
- (11) "Other Developed Parcel" means a parcel that contains impervious surface area and is not a single-family residence, including but not limited to, commercial, industrial, multi-family apartment, and public property.
- (12) "Parcel" means the smallest separately segregated unit or plot of land having an identified owner, boundaries and surface area which is documented for real property purposes and a tax account number assigned by the Whatcom County Assessor-Treasurer.
- (13) "Private roads" means a road which is on private property and is maintained with private funds and requires a name per WCC 12.60.050.
- (14) "Service charge" means the fee in an amount to be determined by applying the appropriate rate to a particular parcel of real property based upon factors established by this Chapter.

- (15) "Single-family residence" means a residential structure designed exclusively for occupancy by one family, including but not limited to mobile homes, cabins and duplex units, as defined by the Whatcom County Land Use and Development Code.
 - "Small single-family residential footprint" means a parcel containing a single-family residence that has less than or equal to 2,500 impervious square feet.
 - ii. "Medium single-family residential footprint" means a parcel containing a single-family residence with more than 2,500 impervious square feet and less than or equal to 8,400 impervious square feet.
 - iii. "Large single-family residential footprint" means a parcel containing a single-family residence with more than 8,400 impervious square feet.
- (16) "Undeveloped parcel" means any parcel of real property which has not been altered by construction of any structure or other impervious surface area.
- (17) "Unit rate" means the dollar amount charged per ESU.
- (18) "WSDOE" means the Washington State Department of Ecology.

16.30.120 Capital Facilities Charge

The County Council shall establish from time to time, by resolution ordinance, the unit rate per ESU for a one-time, capital facilities charge (CFC) applicable to: new development, expansion, or densification of existing development.

- A. Single-family Residential Parcels. that are being developed would pay the CFC equal to one ESU when developing a new single-family dwelling units shall pay a CFC equal to one ESU. The CFC fee is required at the time of approved project permit authorizing construction.
- B. Other Developed Parcels. would pay the CFC rate times the number of ESUs on the parcel as determined by County approved site plan (Binding Site Plan) when constructing a new development or when the expansion or densification of existing development results in additional ESUs being assessed to the property. New or additional ESUs shall pay the CFC rate times the number of ESUs. The CFC fee is required at the time of the approved project permit authorizing construction. No CFC is required for redevelopment or expansion if the total of new and replaced impervious surface does not cause the existing number of

ESUs to increase, or if the entire project is replaced or redeveloped existing impervious surface.