1		PROPOSED BY: Public Works			
2		INTRODUCTION DATE: 7/9/19			
3					
4					
5	ORDINANCE	NO			
6 7	AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO OPPINANCE N	0 2014 004 FCT4 DI TCUTNO TUE ACATE			
8		O. 2014-081 ESTABLISHING THE AGATE			
9	HEIGHTS/ESTATE BAY LANE STORM WATER IMPROVEMENTS FUND AND				
10	ESTABLISHING A PROJECT BASED BUDGET FOR AGATE HEIGHTS ESTATE/BAY LANE STORM WATER IMPROVEMENTS				
11	EARL STORM WAT	ER I'll ROVEHERIS			
12	WHEREAS Agate Heights Estate/Bay	Lane Storm Water improvements is listed as			
13	WHEREAS, Agate Heights Estate/Bay Lane Storm Water improvements is listed as item number 1 on the 2019-2024 Six-Year Water Resources Improvement Program,				
14	Tem number 1 on the 2013 2024 Six Teur W	ater Resources Improvement Program,			
15	WHEREAS, the project will treat runo	ff from approximately 90 acres and includes			
16	system upgrades to improve water quality through construction of cartridge treatment				
17	vaults and channel stabilization to reduce ditch erosion, and				
18					
19	WHEREAS, this amendment will supplement the original proposal and two previous				
20	amendments by adding funding to construct Phase 2 of the project, and				
21					
22	WHEREAS, these additional expenses will be funded by a recently approved				
23	Washington State Department of Ecology grant (WQC-2017-WhCoPW-00030) identified by				
24	Whatcom County Contract Number 201902012,				
25					
26 27	NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED by the Whatcom County Council that				
28	Ordinance No. 2014-081 is hereby amended to add \$360,000 of expenditure authority, as				
29	described in Exhibit A, to the current project budget of \$1,308,219, for a total amended project budget of \$1,668,219.				
30	project budget or \$1,000,219.				
31	ADOPTED this day of July, 201	9			
32	44 or <u>2417</u> , 201	~,			
33		WHATCOM COUNTY COUNCIL			
34	ATTEST:	WHATCOM COUNTY, WASHINGTON			
35		'			
36					
37	Dana Brown-Davis, Clerk of the Council	Rud Browne, Council Chair			
38					
39		WHATCOM COUNTY COUNCIL			
40	APPROVED AS TO FORM:	WHATCOM COUNTY, WASHINGTON			
41	(le				
42	Civil Denuty Preservity	* 			
43	Civil Deputy Prosecutor	Jack Louws, County Executive			
44					

() Approved () Denied

Date Signed:

45 46

Agate Heights Estate/Bay Lane Stormwater Improvements

Account	Descriptions	Current Project Budget	Amendment #3 to Ord. 2014- 080	Total Amended Project Budget
	Expenditures			
6110	Wages	\$127,700		\$127,700
6292	Applied Benefits	\$94,240		\$94,240
6630	Professional Services	\$405,144		\$405,144
6699	Other Services Interfund	\$66,500		\$66,500
7199	Other Misc. Interfund	\$4,635		\$4,635
7380	Other Improvements	\$610,000	\$360,000	\$970,000
		\$1,308,219	\$360,000	\$1,668,219
	Revenues			
4334.031	DOE Water Quality Grant	\$0	\$360,000	\$360,000
8301.324	WDOE Grant Reimbusement	\$1,308,219	\$0	\$1,308,219
		\$1,308,219	\$360,000	\$1,668,219

WHATCOM COUNTY PUBLIC WORKS DEPT.

Jon Hutchings DIRECTOR



STORMWATER - NPDES

322 N. Commercial Street, Suite 210 Bellingham, WA 98225-4042 Stormwater: (360) 778-6210 FAX: (360) 778-6201 NPDES: (360) 778-6299 FAX: (360) 778-6211 www.whatcomcounty.us

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MEMORANDUM

TO: The Honorable Jack Louws, County Executive and

Honorable Members of the Whatcom County Council

THROUGH: Jon Hutchings, Public Works Director

FROM: Kraig Olason, Stormwater Program Manager

DATE: June 24, 2019

RE: Supplemental Budget request #3 - Agate Heights Estate/Bay Lane

Stormwater Improvements

Please find attached for approval a supplemental budget request from Public Works Stormwater for the Agate Heights Estate/Bay Lane Stormwater Improvement project Phase 2.

Background and Purpose

This project will improve water quality in the Lake Whatcom watershed by substantially reducing the discharge of phosphorus and other pollutants to Agate Bay. Runoff along North Shore Drive, south of the Y Road intersection will be addressed by the installation of three water quality treatment vaults to remove phosphorus and suspended solids. This is a priority capital project in the Lake Whatcom Comprehensive Stormwater Management Plan and is listed as Item No. 1 on the 2019-2024 Six-Year Water Resources Improvement Program.

Supplemental amendment request #2 did not include costs for construction of Phase 2 of this project since the potential for receiving Washington State Department of Ecology (WDOE) grant funding would require redesign of the project and final costs were not certain. The WDOE grant was approved by Council last Fall and final design has been completed. The requested funds are for a portion of the construction costs since current available balance in the Project Based Budget is sufficient to cover the remainder.

Funding Amount and Source

This request, in the additional amount of \$360,000, will be funded by WDOE. The grant will reimburse up to the seventy-five percent of eligible county expenses on this phase for a maximum reimbursement of \$550,000.

Please contact Kraig Olason at extension 6301 if you have any questions or concerns regarding the terms of this agreement,

Encl.

Supplemental Budget Request

Public Works

Supplic Works

Supplic Works

Supplic Works

Supplic Works

Stormwater

Supplic Works

Year 1 2019 Add'I FTE Priority 1

Name of Request: Agate Heights Estate/Bay Lane Stormwater Improv.

X

Department Head Signature (Required on Hard Copy Submission)

Date

Costs:	Object	Object Description	Amount Requested
	4334.0311	CZM-FCCAP Grant	(\$360,000)
	7380	Other Improvements	\$360,000
	Request Tot	al	\$0

1a. Description of request:

This project will improve water quality in Lake Whatcom through the installation of three water quality treatment vaults in the Agate Bay sub-watershed in Whatcom County. This project will provide treatment for total suspended solids (TSS) and phosphorus.

1b. Primary customers:

Lake Whatcom supplies drinking water to approximately 100,000 residents in the Bellingham area all of whom are affected by this water quality impact.

2. Problem to be solved:

Elevated levels of phosphorus, bacteria, and dissolved oxygen have caused Lake Whatcom to be placed on Washington State's 303(d) list as an impaired water body. The Lake Whatcom Watershed Total Phosphorus and Bacteria Total Maximum Daily Loads (TMDL) mandates that stormwater phosphorus loading to the lake be reduced substantially. The TMDL indicates that phosphorus loading from developed areas is the primary driver of oxygen depletion in Lake Whatcom. Research by Western Washington University has shown that oxygen depletion in Lake Whatcom is getting worse and periods of excessive algae growth have increased in frequency. In the summer of 2009, a significant algae bloom clogged drinking water intake structures, forcing the City of Bellingham to implement an emergency ban on all outdoor water use. The TMDL estimates that phosphorus laden runoff from 87 percent of currently developed areas must be reduced so that Lake Whatcom can meet state water quality standards.

3a. Options / Advantages:

Initially. media filter drains were proposed for this area. This type of water quality treatment relies on a depth of free draining material above the winter high-water table. Unfortunately, site analysis showed that the area has a high water table through the winter months. While the media filter drains would have been less expensive, they would have provided questionable treatment. In addition, a Washington State Department of Ecology Grant, applied for several years ago for this project has become available due to the county regaining compliance with the Growth Management Act in the fall of 2018. Media filter drains as contemplated for this area wouldn't meet Best Management Practice Standards necessary to comply with Washington State Department of Ecology (WDOE) guidelines and would therefore not be eligible for 75% cost reimbursement up to \$552,500.

3b. Cost savings:

Water quality protection of the lake is comprised of many discrete activities. The overall collective effort is intended to limit impacts to the lake, not all of which are easily quantified in financial terms. The treatment vaults proposed provide reasonable treatment within the county's existing ROW thus saving land acquisition costs. Because the maintenance consists of vactoring and replacing the cartridges annually or semi-annually, the costs are much more predictable than for more elaborate and complex treatment

Status: Pending

Supplemental Budget Request

Public Works Stormwater

Supp'l ID # 2741 Fund 365

Cost Center 365100

Originator: Kraig Olason

Status:

Pending

facilities.

4a. Outcomes:

The areas treated by the three cartridge vaults will have total suspended solids and phosphorus quantities reduced by over 50% from what is now entering the lake form these sites. The life cycle for these vaults is at least 50 years. Construction is scheduled for the Summer/early Fall of 2019.

4b. Measures:

The outcome of reducing the phosphorus in the water treated by these systems by 50% is based on the presumed quantity of runoff generated from the land draining to these treatment systems. The assumed 50% treatment is based on testing done by WDOE to certify this treatment option. Treatment percentages are most likely higher than listed due to the conservative approach applied by WDOE.

5a. Other Departments/Agencies:

The treatment vaults will be added to the Public Works Maintenance and Operations Division work load and expenses. They will also require annual inspection and filter media replacement which is coordinated through the NPDES program under the Stormwater Division of Public Works.

5b. Name the person in charge of implementation and what they are responsible for:

Vernon Brown, crew leader of the NPDES program works cooperatively with NPDES program staff to provide needed maintenance and repair to all of the stormwater infrastructure under the NPDES Permit. Vernon will manage the crew and schedule their work for cartridge media replacement, vault vactoring (cleaning) and any other necessary maintenance requirements of the treatment system.

6. Funding Source:

Washington State Department of Ecology "Water Quality Combined Financial Assistance" grant is providing the funds included in this supplemental request. The entire design and construction costs are eligible for 75% reimbursement. The total reimbursement available through the grant exceeds the supplemental request.