Harmful Algae Blooms (HABs) and Wiser Lake





What are HABs?

- Naturally occurring bacteria
- Also called cyanobacteria, bluegreen algae
- Occur in freshwater and saltwater
- Thrive in warm water, stagnant flow, high nutrient waters
- Blooms occur when algae grows uncontrollably



Wiser Lake HAB. Source - WCHCS



Why Do We Care?



- Can produce toxins that are harmful to animals and people
- Microcystin (liver toxin) and Anatoxin-a (nerve toxin) most common
- Not all blue-green algae produce toxins
- Different sources of exposure



Wiser Lake Algae Bloom – Source: Whatcom County Public Works

What To Do During a Bloom



- Do not swim where a bloom is visible
- Do not let pets drink the water
- Keep kids, pets and livestock away
- Clean fish well and discard entrails
- Contact WCHCS



Collecting HAB sample. Source - WCHCS

WCHCS HAB Program



- Report-based
- Data collection is sporadic
- Partner with DOE

www.nwtoxicalgae.org

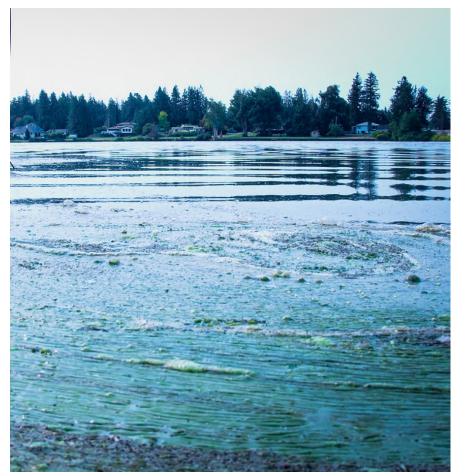
- Recreational guidelines set by DOH
- Post signage and notify community



Algae Sampling Kit. Source – Anna Mostovetsky

Wiser Lake HABs

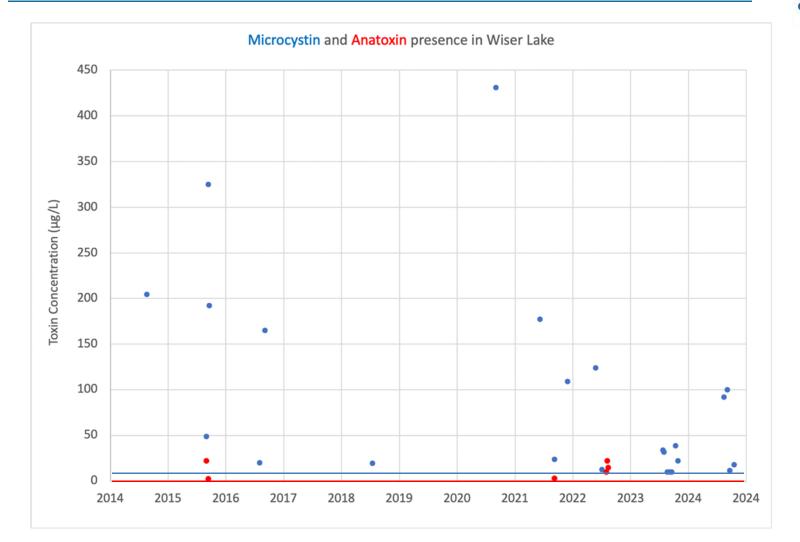




- Multiple complaints about Wiser Lake
- Data available starting in 2014
- High toxin levels detected almost annually
- Primarily Microcystin and some Anatoxin

Wiser Lake HAB. Source - WCHCS

Elevated Toxins





Wiser Lake Background

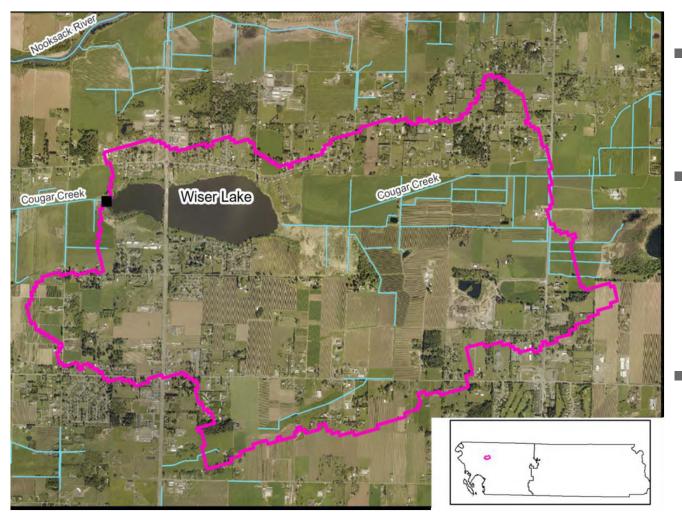




- 3 miles south of Lynden; divided by Guide Meridian
- 116 acre, shallow lake (max depth 10ft)
- Recreational use: WDFW boat launch
- Lakefront residences
- Migratory waterfowl roosting site

Wiser Lake Background





Cougar Creek main inlet/outlet Ag use: 69%, **Residential:** 21% Water, forest, wetland: 10% 533 OSS systems

Wiser Lake Watershed. Source - WCHCS

Dept. Of Ecology Grants





- Freshwater Algae
 Control Grants
 Program DOE
- Funding to study the lake and find the source of nutrients
- Two \$50K grants awarded to WCHCS
- Multi-year process

Wiser Lake HAB. Source - WCHCS



1) Develop QAPP (Quality Assurance Project Plan)

- 2) Execute a year of field data collection
- 3) Data analysis
- 4) LCMP (Lake Cyanobacteria Management Plan) and remediation recommendations
- 5) Community Outreach

Monitoring Plan



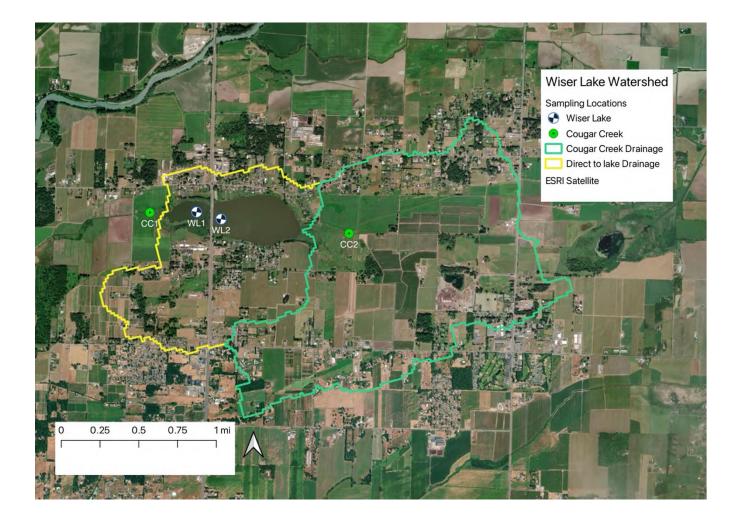
- **5/23 4/24**
- Stream monitoring
- Lake and stream water quality
- Waterfowl surveys
- Sediment core sampling
- Phytoplankton, zooplankton



Sediment core sampling on Wiser Lake. Source - WCHCS

Monitoring Locations





LCMP Development



- Hired Aquatic Insight
- Data analysis
- Development of nutrient and water budgets
- Recommendations for phosphorous reduction and/or treatments

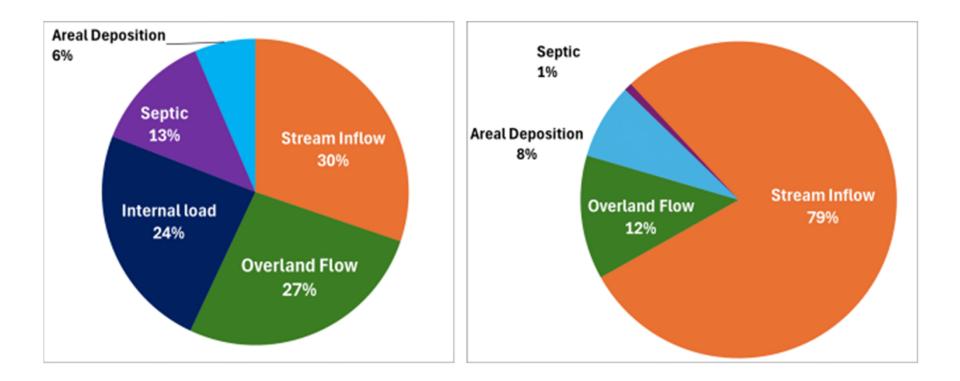


Cougar Creek. Source: WCHCS

Results and Findings



Phosphorus and Nitrogen Budgets



Results and Findings



- High phosphorus and nitrogen levels
- High conductivity and pH
- Poor lake visibility in summer
- Well mixed throughout the year
 - Dissolved oxygen and temperature consistent throughout water column
- Toxin producing blue-green algae in late summer/fall
- Inconclusive results from waterfowl data

Control Options



- Reducing P in sediment (short-term)
 - Alum or lanthanum treatment
 - Artificial circulation?
- Watershed Protection (long-term)
 - Work w/ WCD to reduce manure applications
 - Phosphorous free lawn fertilizer program
 - Shoreline restoration and waterfowl mgmt
 - Continued septic inspections/upgrades
- Continued monitoring necessary

Outreach



- Three total community meetings
 - One in Fall 2023
 - Two in Spring 2025
- Web content
- Recordings and LCMP available on website
- PIO team was very helpful

Other Partnerships



- Department of Health
- Department of Ecology
- Whatcom County Public Works
- Re Sources
- WDFW
- Western Washington University
- EcoAnalysts; Aquatic Analysts; IEH Lab
- King County Environmental Lab

Next Steps



- Partnership and community involvement is key
- Lake Association or Lake Management District formation
- Grant funds to cover cost of treatments
- Has to be a long-term investment

Resources



https://www.whatcomcounty.us/4235/Harmful-Algae-Blooms

WA Department of Health

https://doh.wa.gov/community-andenvironment/contaminants/blue-green-algae

NW Toxic Algae

https://www.nwtoxicalgae.org

- CDC

https://www.cdc.gov/habs/index.html









Questions?

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