

Beth Brownfield
Bellingham

Dear County Council Women and Men,

You've heard all the facts and the testimonies, but it is time to tell the HONEST TRUTH. Our world is facing the END OF TIMES of LIFE AS WE KNOW IT. *NOT in a Biblical sense but into a down to earth reality*
I have one more year before my 80th birthday and I will not LIVE to SEE the full impact of what is coming, but my children and grandchildren will, and your children and grandchildren will.

You've heard of the experiment with frogs put into cold water and then slowly increasing the temperature as the frogs adapt and adapt until it reaches the point where it kills them. In adapting they never leapt out of the water and saved themselves.

The world is taking baby steps to deal with climate change, building higher retaining walls to keep out rising waters worldwide, moving away from ocean shores, rivers, and islands, as rising waters and extreme weather threaten millions upon millions of people.

Our forests are burning, the ice at the north and south poles is melting. One species after another is disappearing.

Life on Earth might be wiped out by the end of the century due to increased carbon in the oceans. BUT WHAT WILL LIFE BE LIKE on the planet between now and then? Past a certain point when it reaches that tipping point there will be NOTHING, WE CAN DO ABOUT IT.

EMERGENCY CLIMATE ACTION MUST BE A MANDATE FOR EVERYONE, ~~every business, every governing body, every individual.~~

WE CAN'T WAIT FOR CONGRESS! WE CAN'T BELIEVE THAT OTHERS MUST DO THE WORK. WE MUST DO THE WORK THAT WE CAN DO HERE NOW!

CURRENTLY I have NO HOPE FOR OUR PLANET BECAUSE OF INACTION in EVERY PART OF THE GLOBE. WE MUST ALL DO OUR PART NOW, NOT IN X NUMBER OF HEARINGS or BALLOT MEASURES, OR MARCHES, OR LAWN SIGNS, OR WRITING OUR CONGRESS MEN AND WOMAN.

I am handing in with my remarks a draft copy of a climate emergency resolution from Bernie Sanders,

The resolution (pdf), states "there is a climate emergency which demands a massive-scale mobilization to halt, reverse, and address its consequences and causes."

BE BRAVE! DO THE RIGHT THING TONIGHT! What you are voting on tonight is a climate emergency action. *The last time for extinction*

THANK YOU

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from Belk
Brownfield

Senate Legislative Counsel
Draft Copy of KAT19097

1 Title: Expressing the sense of Congress that there is a climate emergency which demands a
2 massive-scale mobilization to halt, reverse, and address its consequences and causes.

3
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5 Whereas 2015, 2016, 2017, and 2018 were the four hottest years on record and the 20 warmest
6 years on record have occurred within the past 22 years;

7 Whereas global atmospheric concentrations of the primary heat-trapping gas, or greenhouse gas,
8 carbon dioxide—

9 (1) have increased by 40 percent since preindustrial times, from 280
10 parts per million to 415 parts per million, primarily due to human
11 activities, including burning fossil fuels and deforestation;

12 (2) are rising at a rate of 2 to 3 parts per million annually; and

13 (3) must be reduced to no more than 350 parts per million, and likely
14 lower, “if humanity wishes to preserve a planet similar to that on which
15 civilization developed and to which life on Earth is adapted,” according to
16 former National Aeronautics and Space Administration climatologist, Dr.
17 James Hansen;

18 Whereas global atmospheric concentrations of other greenhouse gases, including methane,
19 nitrous oxide, and hydrofluorocarbons, have also increased substantially since preindustrial
20 times, primarily due to human activities, including burning fossil fuels;

21 Whereas current climate science and real-world observations of climate change impacts, ocean
22 warming and acidification, floods, droughts, wildfires, and extreme weather demonstrate
23 that a global rise in temperatures of 1 degree Celsius above preindustrial levels is already
24 having dangerous impacts on human populations and the environment;

25 Whereas the 2018 National Climate Assessment found that climate change due to global
26 warming has caused, and is expected to cause additional, substantial interference with and
27 growing losses to infrastructure, property, industry, recreation, natural resources,
28 agricultural systems, human health and safety, and quality of life in the United States;

29 Whereas the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration has determined that climate
30 change is already increasing the frequency of extreme weather and other climate-related
31 disasters, including drought, wildfire, and storms that include precipitation;

32 Whereas climate-related natural disasters have increased exponentially over the past decade,
33 costing the United States more than double the long-term average during the period of 2014
34 through 2018, with total costs of natural disasters during that period of approximately \$100
35 billion per year;

36 Whereas the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention have found wide-ranging, acute, and
37 fatal public health consequences from climate change that impact communities across the
38 United States;

39 Whereas the National Climate and Health Assessment of the United States Global Change
40 Research Program identified climate change as a significant threat to the health of the
41 people of the United States, leading to increased—

- 1 (1) temperature-related deaths and illnesses;
- 2 (2) air quality impacts;
- 3 (3) extreme weather events;
- 4 (4) numbers of vector-borne diseases;
- 5 (5) waterborne illnesses;
- 6 (6) food safety, nutrition, and distribution complications; and
- 7 (7) mental health and well-being concerns;

8 Whereas the consequences of climate change already disproportionately impact frontline
9 communities and endanger populations made especially vulnerable by existing exposure to
10 extreme weather events, such as children, the elderly, and individuals with pre-existing
11 disabilities and health conditions;

12 Whereas individuals and families on the frontlines of climate change across the United States,
13 including territories, living with income inequality and poverty, institutional racism,
14 inequity on the basis of gender and sexual orientation, poor infrastructure, and lack of
15 access to health care, housing, clean water, and food security are often in close proximity to
16 environmental stressors or sources of pollution, particularly communities of color,
17 indigenous communities, and low-income communities, which—

- 18 (1) experience outsized risk because of the close proximity of the
19 community to environmental hazards and stressors, in addition to
20 colocation with waste and other sources of pollution;
- 21 (2) are often the first exposed to the impacts of climate change; and
- 22 (3) have the fewest resources to mitigate those impacts or relocate,
23 which will exacerbate preexisting challenges;

24 Whereas, according to Dr. Robert Bullard and Dr. Beverly Wright, “environmental and public
25 health threats from natural and human-made disasters are not randomly distributed,”
26 therefore a response to the climate emergency necessitates the adoption of just community
27 transition policies and processes available to all communities, which include policies and
28 processes rooted in principles of racial and socio-economic equity, self-determination, and
29 democracy, as well as the fundamental human right of all people to clean air and water,
30 healthy food, health care, adequate land, education, and shelter;

31 Whereas climate change holds grave and immediate consequences not just for the population of
32 the United States, including territories, but for communities across the world, particularly
33 those communities in the Global South on the frontlines of the climate crisis, which are at
34 risk of forced displacement;

35 Whereas communities in rural, urban, and suburban areas are all dramatically affected by climate
36 change, though the specific economic, health, social, and environmental impacts may be
37 different;

38 Whereas the United States Department of State, the Department of Defense, and the intelligence
39 community have identified climate change as a threat to national security, and the
40 Department of Homeland Security views climate change as a top homeland security risk;

1 Whereas climate change is a threat multiplier—

2 (1) with the potential to exacerbate many of the challenges the United
3 States already confronts, including conflicts over scarce resources,
4 conditions conducive to violent extremism, and the spread of infectious
5 diseases; and

6 (2) because climate change has the potential to produce new,
7 unforeseeable challenges in the future;

8 Whereas, in 2018, the United Nations Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change projected that
9 the Earth could warm 1.5 degrees Celsius above preindustrial levels as early as 2030;

10 Whereas the climatic changes resulting from global warming above 1.5 degrees Celsius above
11 preindustrial levels, including changes resulting from global warming of more than 2
12 degrees Celsius above preindustrial levels, are projected to result in irreversible,
13 catastrophic changes to public health, livelihoods, quality of life, food security, water
14 supplies, human security, and economic growth;

15 Whereas, in 2019, the United Nations Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on
16 Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services found that human-induced climate change is pushing
17 the planet toward the sixth mass species extinction and thus threatening the food security,
18 water supply, and the wellbeing of billions of people;

19 Whereas, even with global warming up to 1.5 degrees Celsius above preindustrial levels, the
20 planet is projected to experience—

21 (1) a significant rise in sea levels;

22 (2) extraordinary loss of biodiversity; and

23 (3) intensifying droughts, prodigious floods, devastating wildfires, and
24 other extreme weather events;

25 Whereas, according to climate scientists, addressing the climate emergency will require an
26 economically just and managed phase-out of oil, gas and coal to keep fossil fuels in the
27 ground.

28 Whereas the United Nations Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change has determined that
29 limiting warming through emissions reduction and carbon sequestration will require rapid,
30 and immediate, acceleration and proliferation of “far-reaching, multilevel, and cross-
31 sectoral climate mitigation” and “transitions in energy, land, urban and rural infrastructure
32 (including transport and buildings), and industrial systems”;

33 Whereas, in the United States, massive, comprehensive, and urgent governmental action is
34 required immediately to achieve the transitions of those systems in response to the severe
35 existing and projected economic, social, public health, and national security threats posed
36 by the climate crisis;

37 Whereas the massive scope and scale of action necessary to stabilize the climate will require
38 unprecedented levels of public awareness, engagement, and deliberation to develop and
39 implement effective, just, and equitable policies to address the climate crisis;

40 Whereas failure to mobilize to solve the climate emergency is antithetical to the spirit of the

1 Declaration of Independence in protecting “unalienable Rights” that include “Life, Liberty
2 and the pursuit of Happiness”;

3 Whereas the United States has a proud history of collaborative, constructive, massive-scale
4 federal mobilizations of resources and labor in order to solve great challenges, such as the
5 Interstate Highway System, the Apollo 11 Moon landing, Reconstruction, the New Deal,
6 and World War II;

7 Whereas the United States stands uniquely poised to substantially grow the economy and social
8 and health benefits from a massive mobilization of resources and labor that far outweigh the
9 costs of inaction;

10 Whereas millions of middle class jobs can be created by raising labor standards through project
11 labor agreements and protecting and expanding the right of workers to organize so that
12 workers in the United States and the communities of those workers are guaranteed a strong,
13 viable economic future in a zero-emissions economy that guarantees good jobs at fair union
14 wages, with quality benefits;

15 Whereas frontline communities, Tribal governments and communities, people of color, and labor
16 unions must be equitably and actively engaged in the climate mobilization and prioritized
17 through local climate mitigation and adaptation planning, policy, and program delivery so
18 that workers in the United States, the communities of those workers, are guaranteed a
19 strong, viable economic future;

20 Whereas a number of local jurisdictions and governments in the United States, including New
21 York City and Los Angeles, and across the world, including the United Kingdom, the
22 Republic of Ireland, Portugal, and Canada, have already declared a climate emergency, and
23 a number of State and local governments are considering declaring a climate emergency in
24 response to the massive challenges posed by the climate crisis;

25 Whereas State, local, and Tribal governments must be supported in efforts to hold to account
26 actors whose activities have deepened and accelerated the climate crisis and who have
27 benefitted from delayed action to address the climate change emergency and to develop a
28 fossil fuel free economy;

29 Whereas a collaborative response to the climate crisis will require the Federal Government to
30 work with international, State, and local governments, including with those governments
31 that have declared a climate emergency, to reverse the impacts of the climate crisis; and

32 Whereas the United States has an obligation, as a driver of accelerated climate change, to
33 mobilize at emergency speed to restore a safe climate and environment not just for
34 communities of the United States, including territories, but for communities across the
35 world, particularly those on the frontlines of the climate crisis who have least contributed to
36 the crisis, and to account for global and community impacts of any actions it takes in
37 response to the climate crisis: Now, therefore, be it

38 Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That it is the sense of
39 Congress that—

40 (1) the global warming caused by human activities, which increase emissions of
41 greenhouse gases, has resulted in a climate emergency that—

42 (A) severely and urgently impacts the economic and social well-being, health and

1 safety, and national security of the United States; and

2 (B) demands a national, social, industrial, and economic mobilization of the
3 resources and labor of the United States at a massive-scale to halt, reverse, mitigate,
4 and prepare for the consequences of the climate emergency and to restore the climate
5 for future generations; and

6 (2) nothing in this concurrent resolution constitutes a declaration of a national emergency
7 for purposes of any Act of Congress authorizing the exercise, during the period of a national
8 emergency or other type of declared emergency, of any special or extraordinary power.